

# OPTIDRIVE™ CP2

AC Variable Speed Drive

0.75 - 160kW / 1HP - 250HP 200 - 480V 1 / 3 Phase Input

Quick Start Up

General Information and Ratings

Mechanical Installation

Electrical Installation

Keypad and Display Operation

Parameters

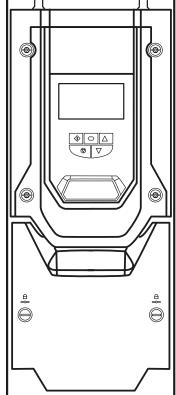
Control Terminal Functions

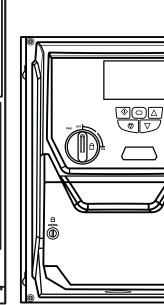
Extended Parameters

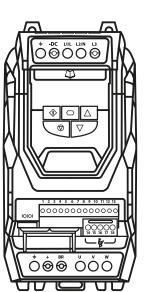
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#### **Declaration of Conformity**

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODP-2 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

#### Safe Torque OFF ("STO") Function

Optidrive P2 incorporates a hardware STO (Safe Torque Off) Function, designed in accordance with the standards listed below.

Standard	Classification	Independent Approval
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Type 2	
EN ISO 13849-1:2006	PL "d"	
EN 61508 (Part 1 to 7)	SIL 2	*TUV
EN60204-1	Uncontrolled Stop "Category O"	
EN 62061	SIL CL 2	

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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#### **2 Year Warranty**

All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

#### This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

#### This User Guide is for use with version 2.30 Firmware. User Guide Revision 3.00.

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

### 1. Quick Start Up

#### 1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits. The "Safe Torque Off" Function does not prevent high voltages

from being present at the drives power terminals.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1 and providing a disconnecting device which must be one of the following types:

- A switch-disconnector, utilization category AC-23B (EN 60947-3).
- A circuit breaker suitable for isolation in accordance with EN 60947-2.
- A disconnector with an integrated auxiliary contact that ensures under all circumstances the switching devices break the load circuit prior to opening of the main contacts of the disconnector (EN 60947-3).

For installation in other regions, conformance with local electrical regulations and codes of practice must be adhered to.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed, is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present. The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP55 and IP66 drives provide their own pollution degree 2 environments. IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive. Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W. Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

Do not operate the drive with any of the enclosure covers removed.

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### 1.2. Quick Start Process

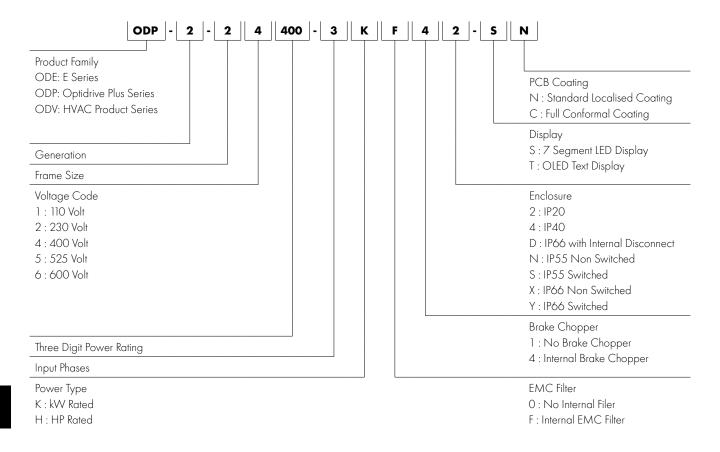
Step	Action	See Section	Page
1	Identify the Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular:  - Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply  - Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor  - Check the enclosure type is suitable for the intended mounting location.	2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number 2.3. Understanding the Rating Label 2.4. Drive Model Numbers – IP20 2.5. Drive Model Numbers – IP55 2.6. Drive Model Numbers – IP66 3.1. General	6 7 7 9 10 11
2	Unpack and check the drive.  Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	10.1. Environmental	68
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units), ensuring suitable cooling air is available.  Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP55 & IP66).	<ul> <li>3.1. General</li> <li>3.2. Before Installation</li> <li>3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight</li> <li>3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units)</li> <li>3.7. Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units</li> <li>3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)</li> <li>3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)</li> </ul>	11 11 12 15 16 16
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes.	10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings	68
6	For IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase – earth voltage may exceed the phase – phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	10.5. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure	72
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
8	Route the cables		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.6. Motor Connection 8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control	23 50
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable.	4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections	23
11	Ensure correct wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line.	4.3.3. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	22
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made.	4.1. Connection Diagram	20
10	Connect the control cables as required for the	4.10. Control Terminal Connections	24
13	application.		
13	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring.		

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## 2. General Information and Ratings

#### 2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

The model number of each Optidrive P2 is constructed according to the following system:



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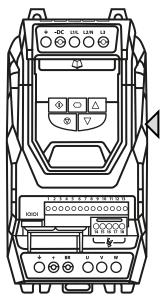
### 2.2. Product Rating Label Location

All Optidrive P2 models carry a rating label, which can be located as follows:

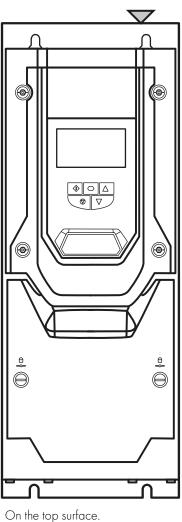
#### **IP20 Models**

#### **IP55 Models**

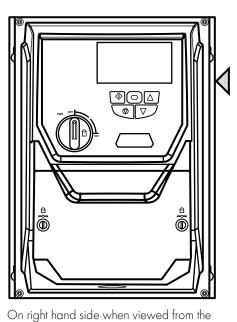
#### **IP66 Models**



On right hand side when viewed from the front.



front.



The product rating label provides the following information.

2.3. Understanding the Rating Label

	Кеу
1	Model Code
2	Enclosure Type and IP Rating
3	Firmware Version
4	Serial Number
5	Technical Data – Supply Voltage
6	Technical Data – Maximum continuous output current

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Read User Guide Befor	. 0	PTIDR DP-2-24075	IVE P
SCCR : For rating and p	rotection	Input	Output
refer to User Guide	<b>⊙</b> ∨	380-480	0-480
IP66 / NEMA 4X	Ø	3	3
Indoor Use Only	F(Hz)	50/60	0-500
S/Ware:	I(A)	4.6max	4.3 🔞
2.00	kW	0.75	
517010	HP	1	
	FS	CA LINE	24.00 C

#### 2.4. Drive Model Numbers - IP20

Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting information are shown from section 3.5.1. IP20 Units on page 12. Electrical Specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.

		200-240V ±10% - 1 Phase In	put		
kW Model	kW	HP Model	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-22075-1KF42-SN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-1HF42-SN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150-1KF42-SN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-1HF42-SN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220-1KF42-SN	2.2	ODP-2-22030-1HF42-SN	3	10.5	2
		200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase In		10,0	_
kW Model	kW	HP Model	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-22075-3KF42-SN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-3HF42-SN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150-3KF42-SN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-3HF42-SN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220-3KF42-SN	2.2	ODP-2-22030-3HF42-SN	3	10.5	2
ODP-2-32040-3KF42-SN	4	ODP-2-32050-3HF42-SN	5	18	3
ODP-2-32055-3KF42-SN	5.5	ODP-2-32075-3HF42-SN	7.5	24	3
ODP-2-42075-3KF42-TN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF42-TN	10	39	4
ODP-2-42110-3KF42-TN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF42-TN	15	46	4
ODP-2-52150-3KF42-TN	15	ODP-2-52020-3HF42-TN	20	61	5
ODP-2-52185-3KF42-TN	18.5	ODP-2-52025-3HF42-TN	25	72	5
00. 2 02.00 0.02	10.0	380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase In		, _	Ū
kW Model	kW	HP Model	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-24075-3KF42-SN	0.75	ODP-2-24010-3HF42-SN	1	2.2	2
ODP-2-24150-3KF42-SN	1.5	ODP-2-24020-3HF42-SN	2	4.1	2
ODP-2-24220-3KF42-SN	2.2	ODP-2-24030-3HF42-SN	3	5.8	2
ODP-2-24400-3KF42-SN	4	ODP-2-24050-3HF42-SN	5	9.5	2
ODP-2-34055-3KF42-SN	5.5	ODP-2-34075-3HF42-SN	7.5	14	3
ODP-2-34075-3KF42-SN	7.5	ODP-2-34100-3HF42-SN	10	18	3
ODP-2-34110-3KF42-SN	11	ODP-2-34150-3HF42-SN	15	24	3
ODP-2-44150-3KF42-TN	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF42-SN	20	30	4
ODP-2-44185-3KF42-TN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF42-SN	25	39	4
ODP-2-44220-3KF42-TN	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF42-SN	30	46	4
ODP-2-54300-3KF42-TN	30	ODP-2-54040-3HF42-SN	40	61	5
ODP-2-54370-3KF42-TN	37	ODP-2-54050-3HF42-SN	50	72	5
ODP-2-84200-3KF42-TN	200	ODP-2-84300-3HF42-TN	300	370	8
ODP-2-84250-3KF42-TN	250	ODP-2-84350-3HF42-TN	350	450	8
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-26075-3K042-SN	0.75	ODP-2-26010-3H042-SN	1	2.1	2
ODP-2-26150-3K042-SN	1.5	ODP-2-26020-3H042-SN	2	3.1	2
ODP-2-26220-3K042-SN	2.2	ODP-2-26030-3H042-SN	3	4.1	2
ODP-2-26400-3K042-SN	4	ODP-2-26050-3H042-SN	5	6.5	2
ODP-2-26550-3K042-SN	5.5	ODP-2-26075-3H042-SN	7.5	9	2
ODP-2-36075-3K042-SN	7.5	ODP-2-36100-3H042-SN	10	12	3
ODP-2-36110-3K042-SN	11	ODP-2-36150-3H042-SN	15	17	3
ODP-2-36150-3K042-SN	15	ODP-2-36200-3H042-SN	20	22	3
ODP-2-46185-3K042-TN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3H042-TN	25	28	4
ODP-2-46220-3K042-TN	22	ODP-2-46300-3H042-TN	30	34	4
ODP-2-46300-3K042-TN	30	ODP-2-46400-3H042-TN	40	43	4
ODP-2-56370-3K042-TN	37	ODP-2-56050-3H042-TN	50	54	5
ODP-2-56450-3K042-TN	45	ODP-2-56060-3H042-TN	60	65	5

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#### 2.5. Drive Model Numbers - IP55

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.2. IP55 Units on page 13. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.

		200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Inj	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-42055-3KF4N-SN	5.5	ODP-2-42075-3HF4N-SN	7.5	24	4
ODP-2-42075-3KF4N-SN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF4N-SN	10	39	4
ODP-2-42110-3KF4N-SN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF4N-SN	15	46	4
ODP-2-52150-3KF4N-SN	15	ODP-2-52020-3HF4N-SN	20	61	5
ODP-2-52185-3KF4N-SN	18.5	ODP-2-52025-3HF4N-SN	25	72	5
ODP-2-62022-3KF#N-SN	22	ODP-2-62030-3HF#N-SN	30	90	6
ODP-2-62030-3KF#N-SN	30	ODP-2-62040-3HF#N-SN	40	110	6
ODP-2-62037-3KF#N-SN	37	ODP-2-62050-3HF#N-SN	50	150	6
ODP-2-62045-3KF#N-SN	45	ODP-2-62060-3HF#N-SN	60	180	6
ODP-2-72055-3KF#N-SN	55	ODP-2-72075-3HF#N-SN	75	202	7
ODP-2-72075-3KF#N-SN	75	ODP-2-72100-3HF#N-SN	100	248	7
		380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-44110-3KF4N-SN	11	ODP-2-44150-3HF4N-SN	15	24	4
ODP-2-44150-3KF4N-SN	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF4N-SN	20	30	4
ODP-2-44185-3KF4N-SN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF4N-SN	25	39	4
ODP-2-44220-3KF4N-SN	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF4N-SN	30	46	4
ODP-2-54300-3KF4N-SN	30	ODP-2-54040-3HF4N-SN	40	61	5
ODP-2-54370-3KF4N-SN	37	ODP-2-54050-3HF4N-SN	50	72	5
ODP-2-64045-3KF#N-SN	45	ODP-2-64060-3HF#N-SN	60	90	6
ODP-2-64055-3KF#N-SN	55	ODP-2-64075-3HF#N-SN	75	110	6
ODP-2-64075-3KF#N-SN	75	ODP-2-64120-3HF#N-SN	120	150	6
ODP-2-64090-3KF#N-SN	90	ODP-2-64150-3HF#N-SN	150	180	6
ODP-2-74110-3KF#N-SN	110	ODP-2-74175-3HF#N-SN	175	202	7
ODP-2-74132-3KF#N-SN	132	ODP-2-74200-3HF#N-SN	200	240	7
ODP-2-74160-3KF#N-SN	160	ODP-2-74250-3HF#N-SN	250	302	7
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-46150-3K04N-SN	15	ODP-2-46200-3H04N-SN	20	22	4
ODP-2-46185-3K04N-SN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3H04N-SN	25	28	4
ODP-2-46220-3K04N-SN	22	ODP-2-46300-3H04N-SN	30	34	4
ODP-2-46300-3K04N-SN	30	ODP-2-46400-3H04N-SN	40	43	4
ODP-2-56370-3K04N-SN	37	ODP-2-56050-3H04N-SN	50	54	5
ODP-2-56450-3K04N-SN	45	ODP-2-56060-3H04N-SN	60	65	5
ODP-2-66055-3K0#N-SN	55	ODP-2-66075-3H0#N-SN	75	78	6
ODP-2-66075-3K0#N-SN	75	ODP-2-66100-3H0#N-SN	100	105	6
ODP-2-66090-3K0#N-SN	90	ODP-2-66125-3H0#N-SN	125	130	6
ODP-2-66110-3K0#N-SN	110	ODP-2-66150-3H0#N-SN	150	150	6

#### 2.6. Drive Model Numbers - IP66

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.3. IP66 Units on page 14. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.

		200-2	40V ±10% - 1 Phase	Input			
kW A	Model		НР Л	Nodel		Output	Frame
Non Switched	Switched	kW	Non Switched	Switched	НР	Current (A)	Size
ODP-2-22075- 1 KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22075- 1 KF4Y-TN	0.75	ODP-2-22010- 1 HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22010- 1 HF4Y-TN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150- 1 KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22150- 1 KF4Y-TN	1.5	ODP-2-22020- 1 HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22020- 1 HF4Y-TN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220- 1 KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22220- 1 KF4Y-TN	2.2	ODP-2-22030- 1 HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22030- 1 HF4Y-TN	3	10.5	2
		200-2	40V ±10% - 3 Phase	Input			
kW A	Nodel		HP A	Nodel		Output	Frame
Non Switched	Switched	kW	Non Switched	Switched	HP	Current (A)	Size
ODP-2-22075- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22075- 3KF4Y-TN	0.75	ODP-2-12010- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22010- 3HF4Y-TN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22150- 3KF4Y-TN	1.5	ODP-2-22020- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22020- 3HF4Y-TN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22220- 3KF4Y-TN	2.2	ODP-2-22030- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22030- 3HF4Y-TN	3	10.5	2
ODP-2-32040- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-32040- 3KF4Y-TN	4	ODP-2-32050- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-32050- 3HF4Y-TN	5	18	3
		380-4	80V ±10% - 3 Phase	Input			
kW A	Model	1.347	HP A	Nodel		Output	Frame
Non Switched	Switched	kW	Non Switched	Switched	HP	Current (A)	Size
ODP-2-24075- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-24075- 3KF4Y-TN	0.75	ODP-2-24010- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-24010- 3HF4Y-TN	1	2.2	2
ODP-2-24150- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-24150- 3KF4Y-TN	1.5	ODP-2-24020- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-24020- 3HF4Y-TN	2	4.1	2
ODP-2-24220- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-24220- 3KF4Y-TN	2.2	ODP-2-24030- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-24030- 3HF4Y-TN	3	5.8	2
ODP-2-24400- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-24400- 3KF4Y-TN	4	ODP-2-24050- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-24050- 3HF4Y-TN	5	9.5	2
ODP-2-34055- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-34055- 3KF4Y-TN	5.5	ODP-2-34075- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-34075- 3HF4Y-TN	7.5	14	3
ODP-2-34075- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-34075- 3KF4Y-TN	7.5	ODP-2-34100- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-34100- 3HF4Y-TN	10	18	3
		500-6	00V ±10% - 3 Phase				
kW A	Model 	kW	HP A	Nodel	НР	Output Current	Frame
Non Switched	Switched	KVV	Non Switched	Switched	, mr	(A)	Size
ODP-2-26075- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26075- 3K04Y-TN	0.75	ODP-2-26010- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26010- 3H04Y-TN	1	2.1	2
ODP-2-26150- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26150- 3K04Y-TN	1.5	ODP-2-26020- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26020- 3H04Y-TN	2	3.1	2
ODP-2-26220- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26220- 3K04Y-TN	2.2	ODP-2-26030- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26030- 3H04Y-TN	3	4.1	2
ODP-2-26400- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26400- 3K04Y-TN	4	ODP-2-26050- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26050- 3H04Y-TN	5	6.5	2
ODP-2-26550- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26550- 3K04Y-TN	5.5	ODP-2-26075- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26075- 3H04Y-TN	7.5	9	2
ODP-2-36075- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-36075- 3K04Y-TN	7.5	ODP-2-36100- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-36100- 3H04Y-TN	10	12	3
ODP-2-36110- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-36110- 3K04Y-TN	11	ODP-2-36150- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-36150- 3H04Y-TN	15	17	3

### 3. Mechanical Installation

#### 3.1. General

- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Size 2 only).
- The Optidrive must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in sections 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units), 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) and 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 10.1. Environmental
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

#### 3.2. Before Installation

- Carefully Unpack the Optidrive and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the Optidrive in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range -40°C to +60°C.

#### 3.3. UL Compliant Installation

Note the following for UL-compliant installation:

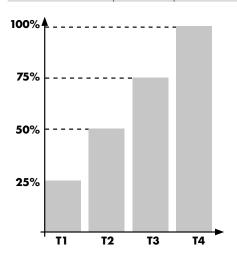
- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333.
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 10.1. Environmental.
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.
- For IP55 & IP66 units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

Refer to section 10.3. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations on page 71.

#### 3.4. Installation Following a Period of Storage

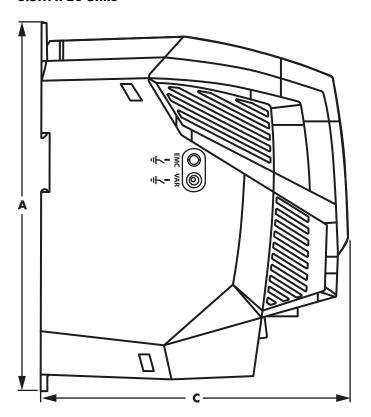
Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.

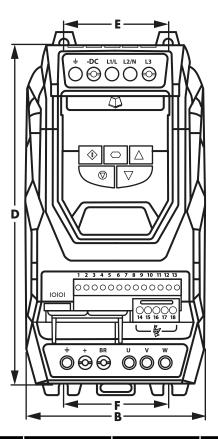
Storage Period /Power-OFF Period	Initial Input Voltage Level	Time Period T1	Secondary Input Voltage Level	Time Period T2	Third Input Voltage Level	Time Period T3	Final Input Voltage Level	Time Period T4
Up to 1 Year	100%				N/A			
1 – 2 Years	100%	1 Hour	N/A					
2 – 3 Years	25%	30 Minutes	50%	30 Minutes	75%	30 Minutes	100%	30 Minutes
More than 3 Years	25%	2 Hours	50%	2 Hours	75%	2 Hours	100%	2 Hours



### 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight

#### 3.5.1. IP20 Units





Drive		<b>A</b>		3		C			ı	=			We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	Ib
2	221	8.70	110	4.33	185	7.28	209	8.23	63	2.48	63	2.48	1.8	4.0
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	205	8.07	247	9.72	80	3.15	80	3.15	3.5	7.7
4	418	16.46	160	6.30	240	9.45	400	15.75	125	4.92	125	4.92	9.2	20.3
5	486	19.13	222	8.74	260	10.24	460	18.11	175	6.89	175	6.89	18.1	39.9

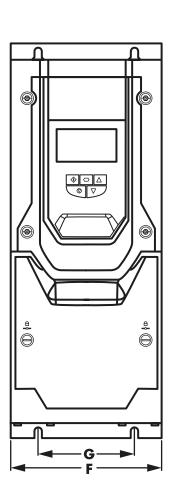
Mounting Bolts							
Frame Size	UNF						
2	M4	#8					
3	M4	#8					
4	M8	5/16					
5	M8	5/16					

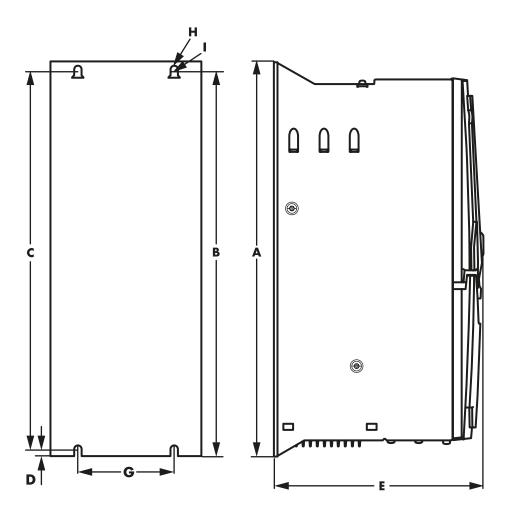
Tightening Torques										
	Frame Size	ize Required Torque								
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in							
	2 & 3	1 Nm	9 lb-in							
Power Terminals	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in							
	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in							

\*The IP20 Frame Size 4 Chassis can obstruct the rotation (tightening) of a bolt or screw with a hex head, a fixing with a round head will be most suitable for the mounting of this unit.

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NOTE

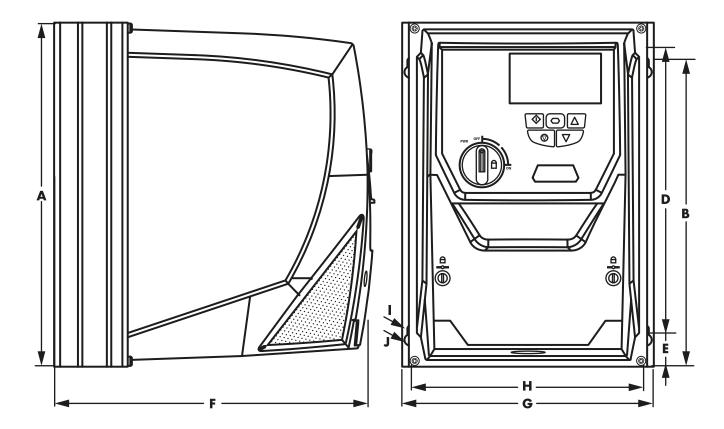




Drive	ı	<b>A</b>		В	(			•	E		F		(	•				ı	We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
4	450	17.72	428	16.85	433	17.05	8	0.31	252	9.92	171	6.73	110	4.33	4.25	0.17	7.5	0.30	11.5	25.4
5	540	21.26	515	20.28	520	20.47	8	0.31	270	10.63	235	9.25	175	6.89	4.25	0.17	7.5	0.30	23	50.7
6	865	34.06	830	32.68	840	33.07	10	0.39	330	12.99	330	12.99	200	7.87	5.5	0.22	11	0.43	55	121.2
7	1280	50.39	1245	49.02	1255	49.41	10	0.39	360	14.17	330	12.99	200	7.87	5.5	0.22	11	0.43	89	196.2

Mounting Bolts									
Frame Size	Metric	UNF							
4	M8	#8							
5	M8	#8							
6	M10	5/16							
7	M10	5/16							

Tightening Torques										
	Frame Size	ne Size Required Torque								
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in							
	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in							
D T	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in							
Power Terminals	6	15 Nm	11 lb-ft							
	7	15 Nm	11 lb-ft							



Drive		<b>A</b>		3	D			=	F		G	;		1				J	Wei	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
2	257	10.12	220	8.66	200	7.87	29	1.12	239	9.41	188	7.40	178	7.01	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	4.8	10.6
3	310	12.20	277	10.89	252	9.90	33	1.31	266	10.47	211	8.29	200	7.87	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	7.7	16.8

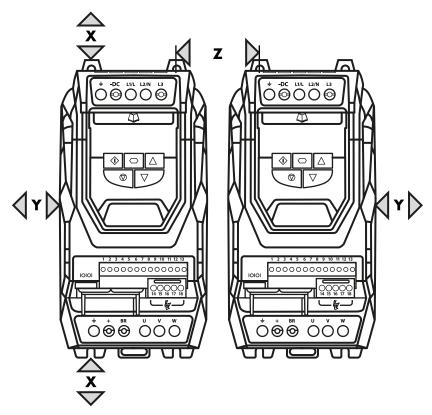
Mounting Bolts								
Frame Size	Metric	UNF						
2	M4	#8						
3	M4	#8						

Tightening Torques									
Frame Size Required Torque									
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in						
Power Terminals	2 & 3	1 Nm	9 lb-in						

#### 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units)

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



Drive Size		X & Below	Eithe	Y r Side		Z veen	Recommended airflow	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	m3/min	CFM
2	<i>7</i> 5	2.95	10	0.39	46	1.81	0.3	11
3	100	3.94	10	0.39	52	2.05	0.9	31
4	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	1.7	62
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	2.9	104
8	300	11.81	100	3.94			20	<i>7</i> 05

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are <3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

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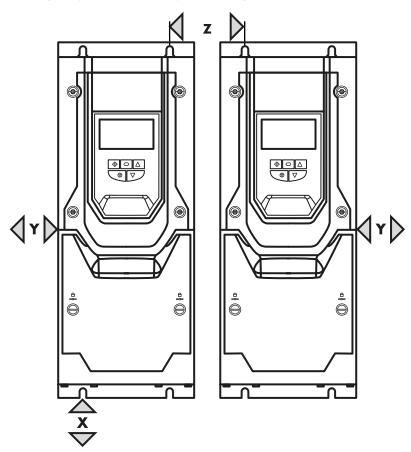
NOTE

#### 3.7. Mounting the Drive - IP20 Units

- IP20 Units are intended for installation within a control cabinet.
- When mounting with screws:
  - o Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations for drilling.
  - o Ensure that when mounting locations are drilled, the dust from drilling does not enter the drive.
  - o Mount the drive to the cabinet backplate using suitable M5 mounting screws.
  - o Position the drive, and tighten the mounting screws securely.
- When Din Rail Mounting (Frame Size 2 Only):
  - o Locate the DIN rail mounting slot on the rear of the drive onto the top of the DIN rail first.
  - o Press the bottom of the drive onto the DIN rail until the lower clip attaches to the DIN rail.
  - o If necessary, use a suitable flat blade screw driver to pull the DIN rail clip down to allow the drive to mount securely on the rail.
  - o To remove the drive from the DIN rail, use a suitable flat blade screwdriver to pull the release tab downwards, and lift the bottom of the drive away from the rail first.

#### 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental on page 68.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- IP55 units do not require mounting inside an electrical control cabinet; however they may be if desired.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the IP protection of the drive are required. Gland sizes should be selected based on the number and size of the required connection cables. Drives are supplied with a plain, undrilled gland plate to allow the correct hole sizes to be cut as required. Remove the gland plate from the drive prior to drilling.



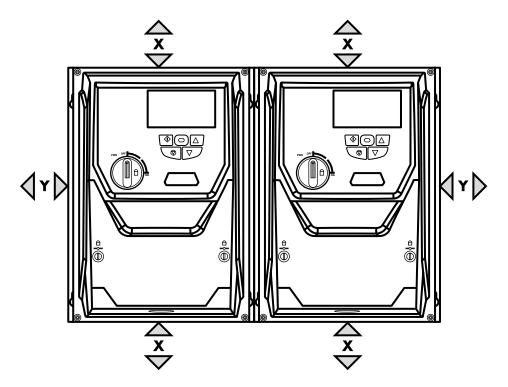
Drive	X -Above	& Below	Y –Eith		
Size	mm	in	mm	in	
4	200	7.87	10	0.39	
5	200	7.87	10	0.39	NOTE
6	200	7.87	10	0.39	NOTE
7	200	7.87	10	0.39	

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

### 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown below, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as



Drive Size	X Above & Below		Y Either Side		Cable Gland Sizes					
Size	mm	in	mm	in	Frame	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables		
2	200	7.87	10	0.39	2	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG 13.5)		
3	200	7.87	10	0.39	3	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG 13.5)		

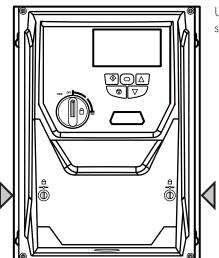
NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

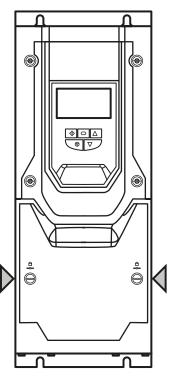
### 3.10. Removing the Terminal Cover

#### 3.10.1. Frame Sizes 2 & 3



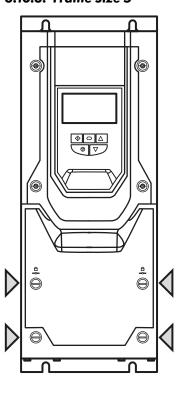
Using a suitable flat blade screwdriver, rotate the two retaining screws indicated until the screw slot is vertical.

#### 3.10.2. Frame Size 4



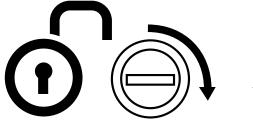
Using a suitable flat blade screwdriver, rotate the two retaining screws indicated until the screw slot is vertical.

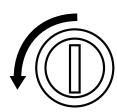
#### 3.10.3. Frame Size 5



Using a suitable flat blade screwdriver, rotate the four retaining screws indicated until the screw slot is vertical.

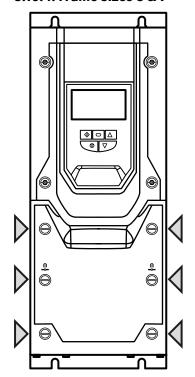
#### **Terminal Cover Release Screws**

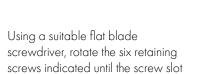


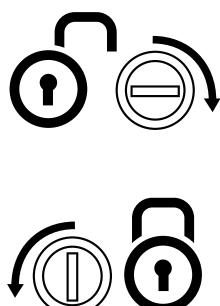




#### 3.10.4. Frame Sizes 6 & 7







#### 3.11. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

• Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 10.1. Environmental.

is vertical.

- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

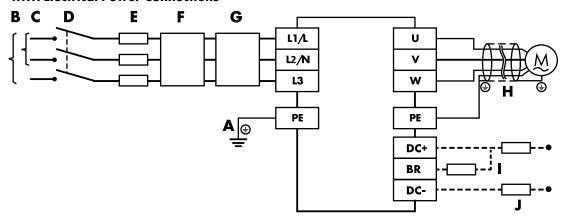
Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

## 4. Electrical Installation

#### 4.1. Connection Diagram

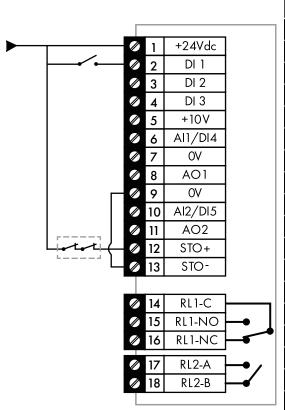
All power terminal locations are marked directly on the product. IP20 Frame Size 2 – 4 units have AC/DC power input located at the top with the motor and brake resistor connections located at the bottom. All other units have power terminals located at the bottom.

#### **4.1.1. Electrical Power Connections**



	Кеу	Page
A	4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection	21
В	4.3. Incoming Power Connection	22
C	4.3. Incoming Power Connection	22
D	External Isolator / Disconnect	-
E	4.3.3. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	22
F	4.3.4. Optional Input Choke	22
G	4.13. EMC Compliant Installation	26
Н	4.6. Motor Connection	23
	4.8. Connecting a Brake Resistor	23
J	4.5. Operation with DC Power Supply or Common DC Bus	22

#### 4.1.2. Control Connections



		Key	Sec.	Page
1	+24V	24 Volt DC Input / Output	4.10.1	24
2	DI1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	4.10.2	24
3	DI2	Digital Input 2		
4	DI3	Digital Input 3		
5	+10V	+10Volt DC Output		
6	Al1 / Dl4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	4.10.3	24
7	OV	0 Volt Common		
8	AO1	Analog Output 1	4.10.4	24
9	OV	0 Volt Common		
10	Al2 / Dl5	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 5	4.10.3	24
11	AO2	Analog Output 2	4.10.4	24
12	STO-	STO 0 Volt Connection	4.14	27
13	STO+	STO + 24VDC Connection		
14	RL1-C	Relay Output 1 Common	4.10.5	24
15	RL1-NO	Relay Output 1 Normally Open		
16	RL1-NC	Relay Output 2 Normally Closed		
17	RL2-A	Relay Output 2		
18	RL2-B	Relay Output 2		

#### 4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

#### 4.2.1. Grounding Guidelines

Adequate safety earthing must be provided in accordance with local wiring rules and codes of practice. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be connected back to the common safety earth bar to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the EMC filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground impedance must conform to local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

#### 4.2.2. Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductors.

#### 4.2.3. Motor Ground

The driven motor must be locally connected to a suitable ground location to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. In addition, the motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

#### 4.2.4. Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each Optidrive.

#### 4.2.5. Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

#### 4.3. Incoming Power Connection

#### 4.3.1. Suitability

All Optidrive P2 models are designed for use on a single phase or balanced three phase supply depending on the model.

For all models and ratings when working with an IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase to earth voltage may exceed the phase to phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), the internal EMC filter and surge protection must be disconnected before connecting the supply. Refer to section 10.5. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure on page 72 for further information.

For three phase supply models, a maximum of 3% imbalance is allowed between phases.

#### 4.3.2. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase ac supply, power should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For a DC Supply, the main power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase ac supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important. Neutral connection is not required.

For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.10. Control Terminal Connections on page 24.

- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive
  and the main Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe,
  EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions for each drive model are given in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.

#### 4.3.3. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to
  the data in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.
- The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.
- The Optidrive provides thermal and short circuit protection for the connected motor and motor cable.

#### 4.3.4. Optional Input Choke

An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:

- The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
- The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
- An unbalanced supply system is used (3 phase drives) where the voltage levels during on load operation exceed the designed 3% capacity of the Optidrive.
- The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).

In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults.

#### 4.4. Operation of 3 Phase drives from a Single Phase Supply

A special function of Optidrive P2 allows all drives designed for operation on 3 phase supplies to be operated on a single phase supply of the correct rated voltage at up to 50% of the nominal capacity.

For Example, Model Number ODP-2-64450-3KA4N can be operated on a single phase supply, 380 – 480 volts, with the maximum output current limited to 45 Amps.

The supply must be connected to the L1 and L2 terminals of the drive.

#### 4.5. Operation with DC Power Supply or Common DC Bus

Optidrive P2 models provide terminals to directly connect to the DC Bus for applications which require this. For further information on using the DC Bus connections, please refer to your Invertek Drives sales Partner.

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#### 4.6. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.

The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals to provide a low impedance path for common mode leakage current to return to the drive. This is best achieved in practice by using a cable with suitable shielding which provides a low impedance path at high frequencies, and ensuring correct, low impedance earth bonding of the motor cable at both ends. For further information, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 26.

#### 4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400		DELTA $\triangle$
400	400 / 690	- Delta	
400	230 / 400	Star	STAR A

#### 4.8. Connecting a Brake Resistor

Optidrive P2 units feature an internal brake transistor, fitted as standard for all models. The brake resistor should be connected to the DC+ and BR terminals of the drive. These terminals may be ??????

The brake transistor is enabled using P1-05 (Refer to section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 44 for further information).

Software protection against brake resistor overload is carried out within the drive. For correct protection of the brake resistor, the following settings are required:

- Set P1-14 = 201.
- Enter the resistance of the brake resistor in P6-19 (Ohms).
- Enter the power of the brake resistor in P6-20 (kW).



The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 5 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

#### 4.9. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> / 30 12 AWG.

#### 4.10. Control Terminal Connections

Exsample connection schematics are provided in section 7.3. Example Connection Schematics on page 41.

#### 4.10.1. +24VDC Input / Output

When the mains power is applied to the drive, terminal 1 provides a +24VDC output, maximum load 100mA. This may be used to activate digital inputs or provide power to sensors.

When no mains power is applied to the drive, the drive control electronics may be powered from an external +24VDC source. When powered in this way, all analog and digital I/O and communication functions remain operative, however the motor may not be operated, which allows safe testing and commissioning of the installation without risk of high voltage being present. When powered in this way, the drive requires up to 100mA.

#### 4.10.2. Digital Inputs

Up to five digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13, which are explained in section 7. Control Terminal Functions on page 38.

#### 4.10.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P2-30.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P2-33.

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 44.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13. The function of these parameters and available options are described in section 7. Control Terminal Functions on page 38.

#### 4.10.4. Analog Outputs

Two analog outputs are available, and may be used for 0 – 10 Volt Signal (max load 20mA), 0 – 20mA, 4 – 20mA or a digital +24Volt DC, 20mA output. The parameters to select function and format are as follows.

Analog Input	Function selected by	Format Selected by
Analog Input 1	P2-11	P2-12
Analog Input 2	P2-13	P2-14

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 44.

#### 4.10.5. Relay Outputs

Two relay outputs are available, which may be used to switch external loads up to 5A at 230 VAC or 6A at 30VDC.

Relay 1 has both normally open and normally closed contacts available. Relay 2 provides a simple open or closed contact.

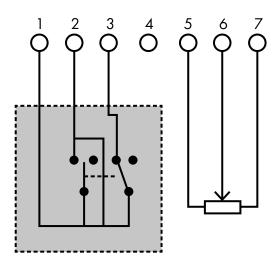
The relay output function may be configured using parameters P2-15 and P2-18, which are described in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 44.

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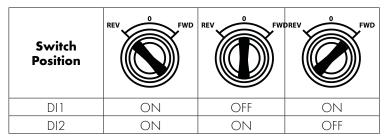
#### 4.11. IP66 Switched Version Integrated Control Switch and Potentiometer Wiring

Optidrive P2 is optionally available with an integrated mains disconnect / isolator and front mounted control switch and potentiometer. This allows the drive to be operated directly from the front control panel, whilst also providing for options such as Hand / Auto or Local / Remote Control etc.

The built in switch and pot are wired inside the terminal cover directly to the user control terminals as shown in the diagram below. These connections may be disconnected by the user if they are not required.



The control switch activates the first two digital inputs as follows:



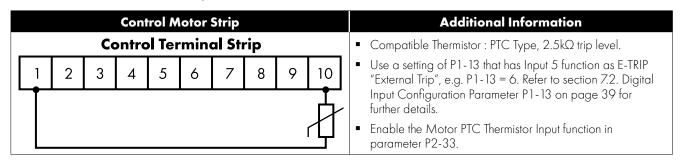
#### 4.12. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

#### 4.12.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering > 100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

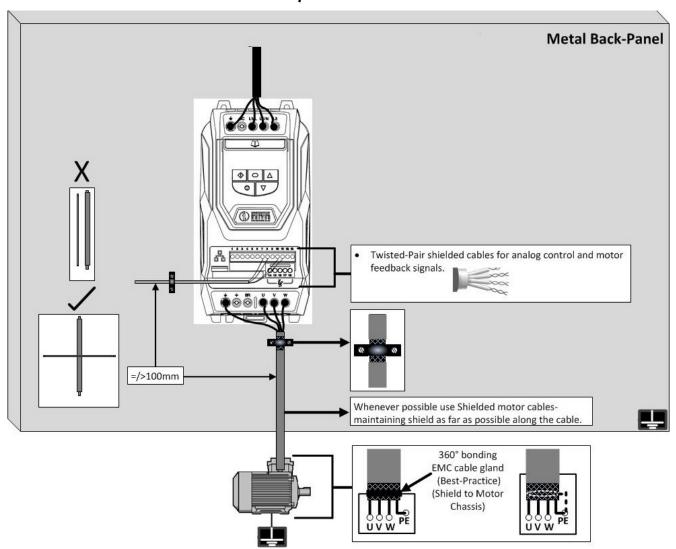
#### 4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



#### 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation

#### 4.13.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance



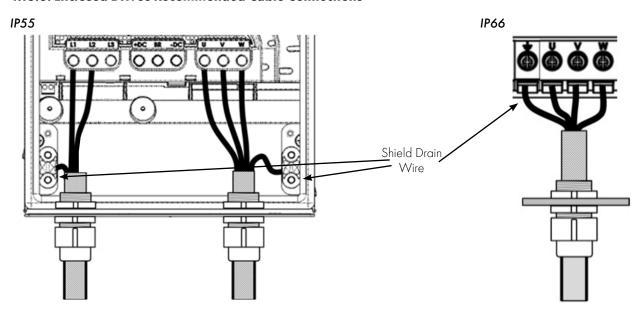
#### 4.13.2. Recommended Cable Types by EMC Category

Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C1 <sup>678</sup>	Shielded <sup>1</sup>	Shielded <sup>1,5</sup>		1M / 5M°
C2 <sup>8</sup>	Shielded <sup>2</sup>	Shielded <sup>1, 5</sup>	Shielded <sup>4</sup>	5M / 25M°
C38	Unshielded <sup>3</sup>	Shielded <sup>2</sup>		25M / 100M°

- 1. A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- 2. A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- 3. A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- 4. A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- 5. The cable shield should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. The shield must also be terminated at the drive end, as close as practically possible to the drive output terminals. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel backplate using a suitable EMC clamp or gland fitted as close to the drive as possible. The drive earth terminal must also be connected directly to this point, using a suitable cable which provides low impedance to high frequency currents. For IP55 and IP66 drives, connect the motor cable shield to the gland plate or internal ground clamp.

- 6. 230 Volt, 1 phase input drives using internal EMC filter. Other models require external EMC filter.
- Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.
- EMC categories for drives with internal filter EMC filter and rated voltage less than 480 Volts. For other drives, additional EMC filtering is required.
- Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

#### 4.13.3. Enclosed Drives Recommended Cable Connections



#### 4.14. Safe Torque Off

Safe Torque OFF will be referred to as "STO" through the remainder of this section.

#### 4.14.1. Responsibilities

The overall system designer is responsible for defining the requirements of the overall "Safety Control System" within which the drive will be incorporated; furthermore the system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is risk assessed and that the "Safety control System" requirements have been entirely met and that the function is fully verified, this must include confirmation testing of the "STO" function before drive commissioning.

The system designer shall determine the possible risks and hazards within the system by carrying out a thorough risk and hazard analysis, the outcome of the analysis should provide an estimate of the possible hazards, furthermore determine the risk levels and identify any needs for risk reduction. The "STO" function should be evaluated to ensure it can sufficiently meet the risk level required.

#### 4.14.2. What STO Provides

The purpose of the "STO" function is to provide a method of preventing the drive from creating torque in the motor in the absence of the "STO" input signals (Terminal 12 with respect to Terminal 13), this allows the drive to be incorporated into a complete safety control system where "STO" requirements need to be fulfilled.1

The "STO" function can typically eliminate the need for electro-mechanical contactors with cross-checking auxiliary contacts as per normally required to provide safety functions.<sup>2</sup>

The drive has the "STO" function built-in as standard and complies with the definition of "Safe torque off" as defined by IEC 61800-5-2:2007.

The "STO" function also corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with category 0 (Emergency Off), of IEC 60204-1. This means that the motor will coast to a stop when the "STO" function is activated, this method of stopping should be confirmed as being acceptable to the system the motor is driving.

The "STO" function is recognised as a fail-safe method even in the case where the "STO" signal is absent and a single fault within the drive has occurred, the drive has been proven in respect of this by meeting the following safety standards:

	SIL (Safety Integrity Level)	PFHD (Probability of dangerous Failures per Hour)	SFF (Safe failure fraction %)	Lifetime assumed
EN 61800-5-2	2	1.23E-09 1/h (0.12 % of SIL 2)	50	20 Yrs

	PL (Performance level)	CCF (%) (Common Cause Failure)	MTTFd	Category
EN ISO 13849-1	PL d	1	4525a	3

	SILCL
EN 62061	SILCL 2

NOTE The values achieved above maybe jeopardised if the drive is installed outside of the Environmental limits detailed in section 10.1. Environmental.

#### 4.14.3. What STO Does Not Provide

Disconnect and ISOLATE the drive before attempting any work on it. The "STO" function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drive power terminals.

NOTE The "STO" function does not prevent the drive from an unexpected re-start. As soon as the "STO"inputs receive the relevant signal it is possible (subject to parameter settings) to restart automatically, Based on this, the function should not be used for carrying out short-term non-electrical machinery operations (such as cleaning or maintenance work).



<sup>2</sup>NOTE In some applications additional measures may be required to fulfil the systems safety function needs: the "STO" function does not provide motor braking. In the case where motor braking is required a time delay safety relay and/or a mechanical brake arrangement or similar method should be adopted, consideration should be made over the required safety function when braking as the drive braking circuit alone cannot be relied upon as a fail safe method.

When using permanent magnet motors and in the unlikely event of a multiple output power devices failing then the motor could effectively rotate the motor shaft by 180/p degrees (Where p denotes number of motor pole pairs).

#### 4.14.4. "STO" Operation

When the "STO" inputs are energised, the "STO" function is in a standby state, if the drive is then given a "Start signal/command" (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) then the drive will start and operate normally.

When the "STO" inputs are de-energised then the STO Function is activated and stops the drive (Motor will coast), the drive is now in "Safe Torque Off" mode.

To get the drive out of "Safe Torque Off" mode then any "Fault messages" need to be reset and the drive "STO" input needs to be re-energised.

#### 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring

There are a number of methods for monitoring the status of the "STO" input, these are detailed below:

#### **Drive Display**

In Normal drive operation (Mains AC power applied), when the drives "STO" input is de-energised ("STO" Function activated) the drive will highlight this by displaying "InHibit", (NOTE If the drive is in a tripped condition then the relevant trip will be displayed and not "InHibit").

#### **Drive Output Relay**

- Drive relay 1: Setting P2-15 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.
- Drive relay 2: Setting P2-18 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.

#### "STO" Fault Codes

Fault Code	Code Number	Description	Corrective Action
"Sto-F"	29	A fault has been detected within either of the internal channels of the "STO" circuit.	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner

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#### 4.14.6. "STO" Function Response Time

The total response time is the time from a safety related event occurring to the components (sum of) within the system responding and becoming safe. (Stop Category 0 in accordance with IEC 60204-1).

- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the output of the drive being in a state that will not produce torque in the motor ("STO" active) is less than 1 ms.
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the "STO" monitoring status changing state is less than 20ms.
- The response time from the drive sensing a fault in the STO circuit to the drive displaying the fault on the display/Digital output showing drive not healthy is less than 20ms.

#### 4.14.7. "STO" Electrical Installation



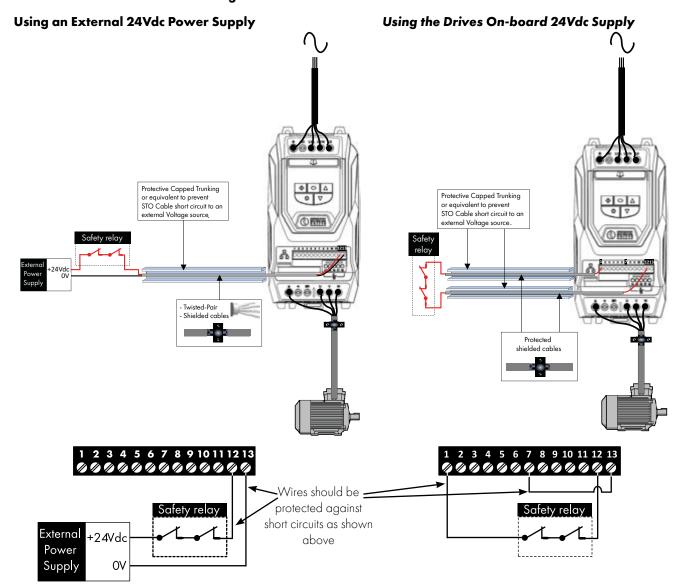
The "STO" wiring shall be protected from inadvertent short circuits or tampering which could lead to failure of the "STO" input signal, further guidance is given in the diagrams below.

In addition to the wiring guidelines for the "STO" circuit below, section 4.13.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance on page 26 should also be followed.

The drive should be wired as illustrated below; the 24Vdc signal source applied to the "STO" input can be either from the 24Vdc on the drive or from an External 24Vdc power supply.

#### 4.14.8. Recommended "STO" Wiring

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NOTE The Maximum cable length from Voltage source to the drive terminals should not exceed 25 mtrs.

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#### 4.14.9. External Power Supply Specification

Voltage Rating (Nominal)	24Vdc
STO Logic High	18-30Vdc (Safe torque off in standby)
Current Consumption (Maximum)	100mA

#### 4.14.10. Safety Relay Specification

The safety relay should be chosen so that at minimum it meets the safety standards in which the drive meets.

Standard Requirements	SIL2 or PLd SC3 or better (With Forcibly guided Contacts)
Number of Output Contacts	2 independent
Switching Voltage Rating	30Vdc
Switching Current	100mA

#### 4.14.11. Enabling the "STO" Function

The "STO" function is always enabled in the drive regardless of operating mode or parameter changes made by the user.

#### 4.14.12. Testing the "STO" Function

Before commissioning the system the "STO" function should always be tested for correct operation, this should include the following

- With the motor at standstill, and a stop command given to the drive (as per the start source method selected in P1-13):
  - o De-energise the "STO" inputs (Drive will display ""InHibit").
  - o Give a start command (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) and check that the drive still displays "Inhibit" and that the operation is in line with the section 4.14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.
- With the motor running normally (from the drive):
  - o De-energise the "STO" inputs.
  - o Check that the drive displays "Inhibt" and that the motor stops and that the operation is in line with the section and section 4.14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.

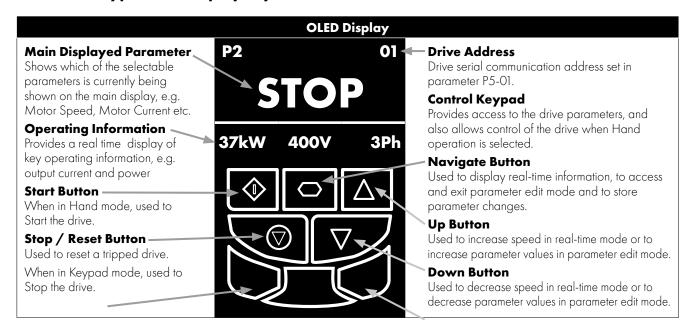
#### 4.14.13. "STO" Function Maintenance

The "STO" function should be included within the control systems scheduled maintenance program so that the function is regularly tested for integrity (Minimum once per Year), furthermore the function should be integrity tested following any safety system modifications or maintenance work. If drive fault messages are observed refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 74 for further guidance.

### 5. Keypad and Display Operation

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

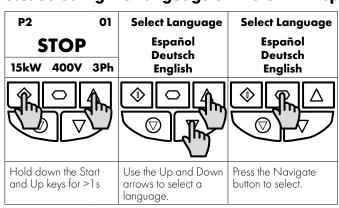
#### 5.1. OLED Keypad and Display Layout



### 5.2. LED Keypad and Display Layout

NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes.	
UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
RESET / STOP	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.	
START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled.	

#### 5.3. Selecting the Language on the OLED Display



#### 5.3.1. Operating Displays

Inhibit / STO Active	Drive Stopped	Drive Running Output Frequency Display	Drive Running Output Current Display	Drive Running Motor Power Display	Drive Running Motor Speed Display		
LED Display:	LED Display:						
I nh ibt	5toP	H 50.0	A 5.3	P 1.50	1500		
OLED Display:							
P2 01	P2 01	Output Frequency 01	Motor Current 01	Motor Power 01	Motor Speed 01		
INHIBIT	STOP	23.7Hz	15.3A	6.9kW	<b>7</b> 18rpm		
15kW 400V 3Ph	15kW 400V 3Ph	15.3A 6.9kW	6.9kW 23.7Hz	23.7Hz 15.3A	23.7Hz 15.3A		
$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$						
Drive Inhibited. The STO connections are not made. Refer to section 4.14.8. Recommended "STO" Wiring on page 29.	Drive Stopped / Disabled.	Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz). Press the Navigate key to select alternative displays.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps).	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor power (kW).	If P-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for < 1 second will display the motor speed (RPM).		

### **5.4. Additional Display Messages**

Auto Tuning in Progress	External 24VDC Supply	Overload	Switching Frequency Reduction	Mains Loss	Maintenance Time Elapsed
LED Display:					
AULo-L	ELL-24	H 500	Not Indicated	Not Indicated	Not Indicated
OLED Display:					
	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01
Auto-tuning	Ext 24V	ol 23.7Hz	sf↓ 23.7Hz	ML 23.7Hz	1 23.7Hz
	External 24V mode	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW
$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \circ \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$
Auto tune in progress. See parameter P4-02 information in section 8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control on page 50.	The drive control board is powered only from an external 24 Volt source, with no mains power applied.	Indicates an Overload condition. Output current exceeds the motor rated current entered in Parameter P1-08.	Switching frequency is reduced, due to high heatsink temperature.	The incoming mains power supply has been disconnected or is missing.	The user programmable maintenance reminder time has elapsed.

#### 5.5. Changing Parameters

LED Display:									
StoP	P I- D I	P I- 08	A 2.3	P I-08	5toP				
OLED Display:	OLED Display:								
	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01				
Stop	P1-01	P1-08	30.0A ‡	P1-08	Stop				
15kW 400V 3Ph	50.0Hz	30.0A	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A	15kW 400V 3Ph				
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds.	Use the up and down keys to select the required parameter.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second.	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys. Drives with	Press for < 1 second to return to the parameter menu.	Press for > 2 seconds to return to the operating display.				
	Drives with OLED display will show the present parameter value on the lower line of the display.		OLED display will show the maximum and minimum possible settings on the lower line of the display.						

#### 5.6. Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset

Optidrive P2 provides a feature to allow the user to define their own default parameter set. After commissioning all required parameters, the user can save these as the defaul parameters by setting P6-29 = 1. If required, the User Default Parameters may be cleared by setting P6-29 = 2.

If the user wishes to relaod the User Default Parameters from the drive memory, the following procedure is used.

Factory Paramete	r Reset, LED Display		User Parameter Re	eset, LED Display:	
StoP	P-dEF	5toP	StoP	U-dEF	5LoP
Factory Paramete	r Reset, OLED Displa	y:	User Parameter Re	eset, OLED Display:	
P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01
Stop	P-Def	Stop	Stop	U-Def	Stop
15kW 400V 3Ph	50.0Hz	15kW 400V 3Ph	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A	15kW 400V 3Ph
	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$		$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$
Press and hold the Up, Down, Start and Stop keys for >2s.	The display shows P-de. Briefly press the Stop key.	The display returns to Stop. All parameters are reset to Factory	Press and hold the Up, Down and Stop keys for >2s.	The display shows U-def. Briefly press the Stop key.	The display returns to Stop. All parameters are reset to Factory
,	' '	defaults.		' '	defaults.

#### 5.7. Resetting the Drive Following a Trip

Optidrive P2 has many protection features, designed to protect both the drive and motor from accidental damage. When any of these protection features are activated, the drive will trip, and display a fault message. The fault messages are listed in section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 74.

When a trip occurs, after the cause of the trip has been investigated and rectified, the user can reset the trip in one of the following ways:

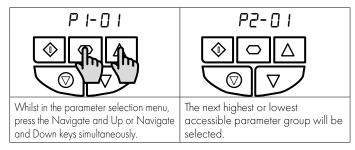
- Press the keypad Stop key.
- Power off the drive completely, then power on again.
- If P1-13 > 0, switch off digital input 1, then back on again.
- If P1-12 = 4, reset via the fieldbus interface.
- If P1 12 = 6, reset via CAN.

#### 5.8. Keypad Short Cuts

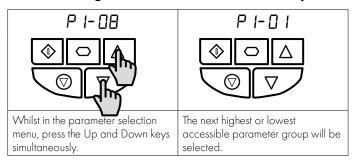
The following short cuts can be used to speed up selecting and changing parameters when using the keypad.

#### 5.8.1. Selecting the Parameter Groups

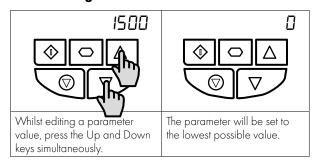
When extended or advanced parameter access is enabled (see section 8. Extended Parameters on page 44), additional parameter groups are visible, and may be selected quickly by the following method.



#### 5.8.2. Selecting the Lowest Parameter in a Group

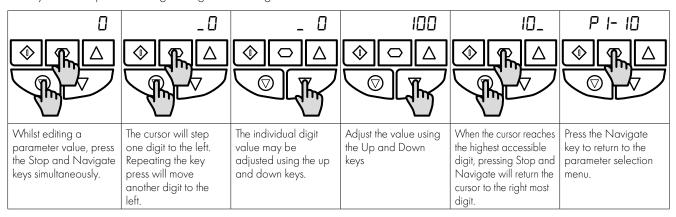


#### 5.8.3. Setting a Parameter to the Minimum Value



#### 5.8.4. Adjusting Individual Digits

When editing parameter values and making large changes, e.g. setting the motor rated speed from 0 to 1500RPM, it is possible to directly select the parameter digits using the following method.



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#### 6. Parameters

#### 6.1. Parameter Set Overview

The Optidrive P2 Parameter set consists of 10 groups as follows:

- Group 0 Read Only Monitoring Parameters
- Group 1 Basic Configuration Parameters
- Group 2 Extended Parameters
- Group 3 PID Control Parameters
- Group 4 High Performance Motor Control Parameters
- Group 5 Field Bus Parameters
- Group 6 Advanced Options
- Group 7 Advanced Motor Control
- Group 8 Application Parameters
- Group 9 Advanced I/O Selection

When the Optidrive is reset to factory defaults, or is in its factory supplied state, only Group 1 Parameters can be accessed. In order to allow access to parameters from the higher level groups, the access code must be changed as follows.

P1-14 = P2-40 (Default setting = 101). With this setting, parameter groups 1-5 can be accessed, along with the first 50 parameters in Group 0.

P1-14 = P6-30 (Default setting = 201). With this setting, all parameters are accessible.

#### 6.2. Parameter Group 1 - Basic Parameters

The basic parameter group allows the user to:

- Enter the motor nameplate information
  - o P1-07 = Motor Rated Voltage
  - o P1-08 = Motor Rated Current
  - o P1-09 = Motor Rated Frequency
  - o P1-10 = (Optionally) Motor Rated Speed
- Define the operating speed limits
  - o P1-01 = Maximum Frequency or Speed
  - o P1-02 = Minimum Frequency or Speed
- Define the acceleration and deceleration times used when starting and stopping the motor, or changing speed
  - o P1-03 = Acceleration Time
  - o P1-04 = Deceleration Time
- Select where the drive should receive it's command signals from, and determine what functions are associated with the drive control terminal inputs
  - o P1-12 Selects the control source
  - o P1-13 Assigns the functions to the digital inputs

These parameters will often provide enough functions to allow the user to complete basic commissioning in simple applications. The parameters are described more fully below.

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P1-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit	P1-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm
	Maximum output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz If P1-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm.				
P1-02	Minimum Frequency / Speed Limit	0.0	P1-01	20.0	Hz / Rpm
	Minimum speed limit – Hz or rpm.  If P1-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm.				
P1-03	Acceleration Ramp Time	See Below		5.0 / 10.0	Seconds
	Acceleration ramp time from 0 to base speed (P-1-09) in seconds. FS2 & FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.01 Seconds Resolution, 600.0 Seconds Maximum. FS4 – FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.1 Seconds Resolution, 6000 Seconds Maximum.				

ar.	Des	cription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P1-04	Dec	eleration Ramp Time		See B	elow	5.0 / 10.0	Seconds	
	Deceleration ramp time from base speed (P1-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to zero, fastest possible ramp time without trip activated.  FS2 & FS3: 5.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.01 Seconds Resolution, 600.0 Seconds Maximum.  FS4 – FS7: 10.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.1 Seconds Resolution, 6000.0 Seconds Maximum.							
P1-05		p Mode	9, 11 1111	0	3	0	-	
	0	Ramp To Stop	When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P1-04 as described above. In this mode, the drive brake transistor (where fitted) is disable.					
	1	Coast to Stop	When the enable signal is removed, the drive output is immediately disabled, and the motor will coast (freewheel) to stop. If the load can continue to rotate due to inertia, and the drive may possibly be re-enabled whilst the motor is still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. In this mode, the drive brake transistor (where fitted) is disabled.					
	2	Ramp To Stop	When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P1-04 as described above. The Optidrive Brake chopper is also enabled in this mode.					
	3	Coast to Stop	When the enable signal is removed, the drive output is immediately disabled, and the motor will coast (freewheel) to stop. If the load can continue to rotate due to inertia, and the drive may possibly be re-enabled whilst the motor is still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. The drive brake chopper is enabled in this mode, however it will only activate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint, and will not activate when stopping.					
	4	AC Flux Braking	As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to increase the available braking torque.					
P1-06	Energy Optimiser		0	1	0	-		
	0	Disabled						
	1	Enabled	When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor when operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intended for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether constant or variable torque.					
P1-07	Мо	tor Rated Voltage	Drive	Volts				
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) volto			age of the motor (Va				
P1-08	Motor Rated Current			Drive	Amps			
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) curre			ent of the motor.				
P1-09	Мо	tor Rated Frequency		10	500	50 (60)	Hz	
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) curre			ent of the motor				
P1-10	Motor Rated Speed			0	30000	0	RPM	
	This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.  NOTE When the drive is operated with the optional Encoder Feedback Interface, this parameter must be set to the correct nameplate Rpm of the connected motor.							
P1-11	V/F Mode Voltage Boost			0.0	Drive Rating	Dependent	%	
	Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and starting torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor motor required.  An automatic setting (RUEa) is also possible, whereby the Optidrive will automatically adjust this parameter based on the motor parameters measured during an autotune.							

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Par.	Des	scription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P1-12	Prir	mary Command Source		0	6	0	-		
	0	Terminal Control	The drive responds	s directly to signals	applied to the cont	rol terminals.			
	1	Uni-directional Keypad Control	The drive can be o	controlled in the for	ward direction only	using an external	or remote		
	2	2 Bi-directional Keypad Control  The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions using an external or remote Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggles between forward and reverse.							
	3	PID Control	The output frequen	icy is controlled by	the internal PID cor	ntroller.			
	4	Fieldbus Control	Control is from the fieldbus option module interface.						
	5	Slave Mode	The drive acts as a Slave to a connected Optidrive operating in Master Mode.						
	6	CAN bus Control	Control via CAN l	ous connected to th	ne RJ45 serial interfo	ace connector.			
P1-13	Dig	ital Input Source Select		0	21	1	-		
		nes the function of the digital inputs e information.	depending on the co	ontrol mode setting i	n P1-12. See sectio	n 7.1. Control Sourc	ce Selection for		
P1-14	Ext	ended Menu Access Code		0	30000	0	-		
	Para	ımeter Access Control. The followi	ng settings are appli	cable:					
	P1-1	14 = P2-40 = 101: Allows access	to Extended Parame	ter Groups 0 – 5					
		14 = P6-30 = 201 = Allows acces Guide)	s to all parameter gr	oups (Intended for	experienced users	only, usage is not	described in this		

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# 7. Control Terminal Functions

For standard applications and operation, the basic control of the drive and functions of all drive input terminals can be configured using just two parameters, P1-12 and P1-13. P1-12 is used to define the source of all control commands and the primary speed reference source. P1-13 then allows fast selection of Analog and Digital Input functions based on a selection table.

#### 7.1. Control Source Selection

#### 7.1.1. P1-12 Function

P1-12 is used to select the main control source of the drive and the main speed reference according to the following table:

P1-12	Function	Control Source	Main Speed Reference	Notes
0	Terminal Control	Terminals	Analog Input 1	All control signals are applied to the control terminals. Functions are determined by P-15 Macro setting.
1	Keypad Control	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	When keypad mode is selected, the default operation of the drive requires the keypad Start & Stop buttons are used to control the drive.
2	Keypad Control	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	requires the keypad Start & Stop buttons are used to control the drive.  This can be changed using P-31 to allow the drive to be started from Digital Input 1 directly.
3	PID Control	Terminals	PID Output	Enable / Disable control of the drive is through the drive control terminal strip.  Output frequency is set by the output of the PI Controller
4	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Modbus RTU	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Control of the drive operation is through a fieldbus option module mounted in the drive option slot. If no option module is fitted, control is through the Modbus RTU interface.  Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
5	Slave Mode	Master Drive	From Master	Optidrive P2 provides an inbuilt Master / Slave function. A single drive acts as the Master, and connected Slave drives will mimic the starting and stopping, along with the following the output frequency, with any scaling applied.  Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
6	CAN Open	CAN Open	CAN	Control of the drive operation is through the CAN Open Interface.  Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.

#### 7.1.2. Overview

Optidrive P2 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

- P1-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.
- P1-13 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P2-30 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P2-33 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P2-36 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P2-37 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.

The diagrams opposite provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.

### 7.1.3. Macro Function Guide

Function	Explanation
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive.
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained.
FWD <b>U</b>	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD.
REV <b>U</b>	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE.
run fwd <b>u</b>	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP.
run rev <b>u</b>	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP.
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input.  In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed.  In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.
START_1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
STOPI	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive.
START 1 FWD U	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
START 1 REV	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^-FAST STOP (P2-25)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24.
FAST STOP₃ (P2-25)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24.
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing E-Er iP or PEc-Eh depending on P2-33 setting. See section 4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection on page 25 for further information.
Analog Input Al 1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P-16.
Analog Input AI2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P-47.
All REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference.
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference.
P-xx REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed.
PR-REF	Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status.
PI-REF	Pl Control Speed Reference.
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller.
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected.
INC SPD↑	Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed.
DEC SPD↓	Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed.
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P-12 setting).
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function.
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function.
DECEL P1-04	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 1 (P1-04) is used.
DECEL P8-11	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 2 (P8-11) is used (Requires Advanced Parameter Access, see section 6.1. Parameter Set Overview on page 35.

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# 7.2. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13

P1-13		DII		DI2		013		AI1 / DI4	AI2	/ DI5
State	0	1	0	1	0	1			0	1
0		·	, ,			Jser defined			· ·	•
1	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV <b>び</b>	P1-12 REF	P-21	Λn	alog Input AI 1	P2-01	P2-02
2	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV U	DI3	DI4		DI5		Speed
_	3101	KOIN	1000	KLV O	0	0		0		1 REF
					1	0		0	-	2 REF
					0	1		0		3 REF
					1	1		0		4 REF
					0	0	-	1		5 REF
					1	0		1		6 REF
					0	1		1	P2-0	
					1	1	-	1		8 REF
3	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV <b>び</b>	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	Anı	alog Input AI 1	Analog I	
4	STOP	RUN	FWD &	REV U	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input AI 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
5	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV U	P1-12 REF	AI2 REF		alog Input Al 1	Analog I	
6	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV U	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1	E-TRIP	OK
7	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV U		013	DI4	Preset Speed	E-TRIP	OK
	0101	KOTY	1,115	I KEY G		Off	Off	P2-O1 REF	L TKII	O.K
					-	On	Off	P2-02 REF	-	
						Off	On	P2-03 REF	-	
						On	On	P2-04 REF		
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸		013	DI4	Preset Speed	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
			.,,,,,			Off	Off	P2-01 REF		0 2 0 2 2 1 0 1 1
						On	Off	P2-02 REF	_	
						Off	On	P2-03 REF		
						 Dn	On	P2-04 REF	-	
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸		013	DI4	Preset Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
					(	Off	Off	P2-O1 REF		
					(	On .	Off	P2-02 REF		
					(	Off	On	P2-03 REF	-	
						 On	On	P2-04 REF		
10	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	(NO)	INC SPD 1	(NO)	DEC SPD ↓	P1-12 REF1	P2-01-REF
11	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	PR-REF	An	alog Input AI 1	P2-01 REF	P2-02 REF
12	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	D	13	DI4	DI5	Preset	Speed
					(	Off	Off	Off	P2-0	1 REF
					(	On .	Off	Off	P2-0	2 REF
					(	Off	On	Off	P2-0	3 REF
					(	On	On	Off	P2-0-	4 REF
					(	Off	Off	On	P2-0	5 REF
					(	On	Off	On	P2-0	6 REF
					(	Off	On	On	P2-02	7 REF
	<u></u>					On	On	On	P2-0	8 REF
13	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	An	alog Input Al 1	Analog I	nput Al2
14	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	An	alog Input Al 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
15	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	AI2-REF	An	alog Input Al 1	Analog I	nput Al2
16	STOP	RUN FWD 🖰	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	An	alog Input AI 1	E-TRIP	OK

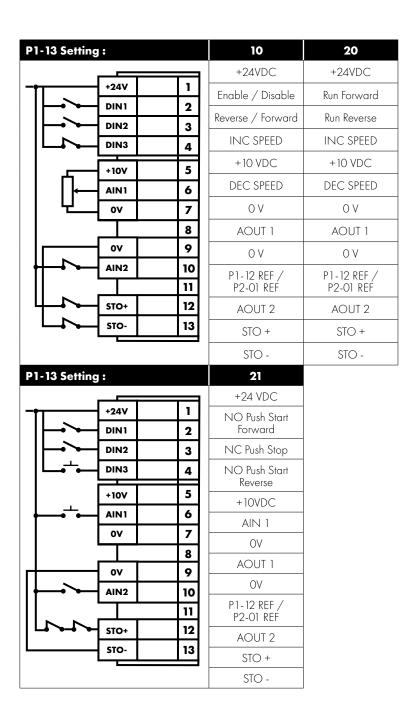
P1-13		DII		DI2		DI3		Al1 / DI4	Al2	/ DI5
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	(	1	0	1
17	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸		DI3	DI4	Preset Speed	E-TRIP	OK
					(	)ff	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(	On	Off	P2-02 REF		
					(	Off	On	P2-03 REF		
					(	On	On	P2-04 REF		
18	STOP	RUN FWD 🖰	STOP	RUN REV 🗸		DI3	DI4	Preset Speed	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
					(	Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(	On	Off	P2-02 REF		
					(	Off	On	P2-03 REF		
					(	On	On	P2-04 REF		
19	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸		DI3	DI4	Preset Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
					(	Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(	On	Off	P2-02 REF		
					(	)HC	On	P2-03 REF		
					(	On	On	P2-04 REF		
20	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV <b>び</b>	(NO)	INC SPD 1	(NO)	DEC SPD ↓	P1-12 REF1	P2-01-REF
21	(NO)	START 🕽 FWD ℧	STOP 7	(NC)	(NO)	START ゴ REV び	An	alog Input Al 1	P1-12 REF	P2-01-REF

<sup>1)</sup> When P1-12 = 0 and P1-13 = 10 or 20, the Motorised Pot / Keypad reference is automatically selected to be the Selected Speed Reference.

# 7.3. Example Connection Schematics

P1-13 Setting	:		1	4	11	14
			+24VDC	+24VDC	+24VDC	+24VDC
1 .	+24V	11	Enable / Disable	Enable / Disable	Run Forward	Run Forward
	DIN1	2	Reverse / Forward	Reverse / Forward	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
	DIN2 DIN3	3 4	P1-12 REF / PR REF	P1-12 REF / PR REF	P1-12 REF / PR REF	P1-12 REF / PR REF
	+10V	5	+10 VDC	+10 VDC	+10 VDC	+10 VDC
	AIN1	6	AIN 1	AIN 1	AIN 1	AIN 1
닏	ov	7	OV	ΟV	OV	OV
		8	AOUT 1	AOUT 1	AOUT 1	AOUT 1
	ov	9	OV	ΟV	OV	OV
	AIN2	10 11	P2-01 / P2-02 REF	DECEL P1-04 / DECEL P8-11	P2-01 / P2-02 REF	DECEL P1-04 / DECEL P8-11
	STO+	12	AOUT 2	AOUT 2	AOUT 2	AOUT 2
	STO-	13	STO +	STO +	STO +	STO +
			STO -	STO -	STO -	STO -

P1-13 Setting:	2	8	9	12	18
	+24VDC	+24VDC	+24VDC	+24VDC	+24VDC
+24V 1	Enable / Disable	Enable / Disable	Enable / Disable	Run Forward	Run Forward
DIN1 2	Reverse / Forward	Reverse / Forward	Reverse / Forward	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
DIN2 3	PR SEL BIT O	PR SEL BIT O	PR SEL BIT O	PR SEL BIT O	PR SEL BIT O
DIN3 4	+10 VDC	+10 VDC	+10 VDC	+10 VDC	+10 VDC
+10V 5	PR SEL BIT 1	PR SEL BIT 1	PR SEL BIT 1	PR SEL BIT 1	PR SEL BIT 1
AIN1 6	O V	OV	O V	OV	OV
ov 7	AOUT 1	AOUT 1	AOUT 1	AOUT 1	AOUT 1
ov 9	OV	OV	OV	OV	O V
AIN2 10	PR SEL BIT 2	DECEL P1-04 / DECEL P8-11	P1-12 REF / PR REF	PR SEL BIT 2	DECEL P1-04 / DECEL P8-11
STO+ 12	AOUT 2	AOUT 2	AOUT 2	AOUT 2	AOUT 2
STO- 13	STO +	STO +	STO +	STO +	STO +
	STO -	STO -	STO -	STO -	STO -
P1-13 Setting:	3	5	13	15	
	+24VDC	+24VDC	+24VDC	+24VDC	
+24V 1 DIN1 2	Enable / Disable	Enable / Disable	Run Forward	Run Forward	
DIN2 3	Reverse / Forward	Reverse / Forward	Run Reverse	Run Reverse	
DIN3 4	P1-12 REF / P2-01 REF	P1-12 REF / AI2 REF	P1-12 REF / P2-01 REF	P1-12 REF / I2 REF	
+10V 5	+10 VDC	+10 VDC	+10 VDC	+10 VDC	
AIN1 6	AIN 1	AIN 1	AIN 1	AIN 1	
	OV	O V	O V	OV	
0v 9	AOUT 1	AOUT 1	AOUT 1	AOUT 1	
AIN2 10	O V	OV	O V	ΟV	
	AIN 2	AIN 2	AIN 2	AIN 2	
STO+ 12	AOUT 2	AOUT 2	AOUT 2	AOUT 2	
STO- 13	STO +	STO +	STO +	STO +	
	STO -	STO -	STO -	STO -	
P1-13 Setting:	6	16			
+24V 1	+24VDC	+24VDC			
DIN1 2	Enable / Disable	Run Forward			
DIN2 3	Reverse / Forward P1-12 REF /	Run Reverse P1-12 REF /			
DIN3 4	P2-O1 REF	P2-01 REF			
+10V 5	+10 VDC	+10 VDC			
→ AIN1 6	AIN 1	AIN 1			
	0 V	0 V			
0v   9	AOUT 1	AOUT 1			
AIN2 10	O V	O V			
	E-TRIP AOUT 2	E-TRIP AOUT 2			
STO+ 12	STO +	STO +			
STO- 13	STO -	STO -			



# 8. Extended Parameters

DO 01		Parameter Nam	е	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-01	Preset	/ Jog Frequency / Speed 1		P1-02	P1-01	5.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-02	Preset	/ Jog Frequency / Speed 2		P1-02	P1-01	10.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-03	Preset	/ Jog Frequency / Speed 3		P1-02	P1-01	25.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-04	Preset	/ Jog Frequency / Speed 4		P1-02	P1-01	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm
P2-05	Preset	/ Jog Frequency / Speed 5		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-06	Preset	/ Jog Frequency / Speed 6		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-07	Preset	/ Jog Frequency / Speed 7		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-08	Preset	/ Jog Frequency / Speed 8		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpn
	If P1-10	peeds / Frequencies selected by c = 0, the values are entered as Hz. a negative value will reverse the dir	If $P1-10 > 0$ , the values				
P2-09	Skip Fr	equency Centre Point		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-10	Skip Fr	equency Band Width		0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpn
P2-11	the band	ely, and will not hold any output fr d, the Optidrive output frequency w g Output 1 (Terminal 8) Func	vill remain at the upper o	r lower limit of the	band.	<b>8</b>	-
		Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24					
	0	Drive Enabled (Running)	Logic 1 when the Option	drive is enabled (1	Running).		
	1	Drive Healthy	9 1				
		Drive neuliny	Logic 1 When no Fault	condition exists o	n the drive.		
	2	At Target Frequency (Speed)	Logic 1 When no Fault			equency.	
	<u> </u>	At Target Frequency	9	ut frequency matc	hes the setpoint fr	equency.	
	2	At Target Frequency (Speed)	Logic 1 when the outpu	nt frequency matc	hes the setpoint from speed.	. ,	
	3	At Target Frequency (Speed) Output Frequency > 0.0	Logic 1 when the output	r runs above zero r speed exceeds	hes the setpoint from speed.  the adjustable lim	nit.	
	3 4	At Target Frequency (Speed) Output Frequency > 0.0 Output Frequency >= Limit	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds	hes the setpoint from speed.  The adjustable limithe adjustable ad	nit.	
	3 4 5	At Target Frequency (Speed) Output Frequency > 0.0 Output Frequency >= Limit Output Current >= Limit	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto	or runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds prque exceeds the	hes the setpoint from the speed.  The adjustable limit the adjustable limit.	nit.	e limit.
	2 3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \to Logic value pre	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed orgrammed in P2-17.	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal co ters P2-16 and P2-17 mu	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds the applied to the Ano	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit adjustable limit. The adjustable limit alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute of the Institute alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute Ins	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The ou	tput will switch
	2 3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \to Logic value pre	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal co ters P2-16 and P2-17 mu	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds the applied to the Ano	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit adjustable limit. The adjustable limit alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute of the Institute alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute Ins	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The ou	tput will switch
	2 3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \to Logic value pre	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed orgrammed in P2-17.	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal co ters P2-16 and P2-17 mu	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds the applied to the Ano	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit adjustable limit. The adjustable limit alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute of the Institute alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute Ins	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The ou	tput will switch
	3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \ to Logic value pro	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed orgrammed in P2-17.  Output Mode  Output Frequency	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal co ters P2-16 and P2-17 mu ds the value programmed  O to P-01.  O to 200% of P1-08.	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds the applied to the Ana ust be used togeth d in P2-16, and re	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit adjustable limit. The adjustable limit alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute of the Institute alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute Ins	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The ou	tput will switch
	2 3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \ to Logic value pro Analog 8 9 10	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed organized in P2-17.  Output Mode  Output Frequency (Motor Speed)  Output (Motor) Current  Motor Torque	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal of ters P2-16 and P2-17 muts the value programmed	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds the applied to the Ana ust be used togeth d in P2-16, and re	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit adjustable limit. The adjustable limit alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute of the Institute alog Input 2 exceptor to control the Institute Ins	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The ou	tput will switch
	3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \ to Logic value pro Analog 8 9 10 11	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed ogrammed in P2-17.  Output Mode  Output Frequency (Motor Speed)  Output (Motor) Current  Motor Torque  Output (Motor) Power	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic 1 when the moto Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal co ters P2-16 and P2-17 mu ds the value programmed  O to P-01.  O to 200% of P1-08.  O to 200% of motor rate O to 150% of drive rate	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds the applied to the Ano ust be used togeth d in P2-16, and re	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit the adjustable limit. The adjustable limit alog Input 2 excenter to control the laturn to Logic 0 w	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The ou	tput will switch
	2 3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \ to logic value pre Analog 8 9 10 11 12	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed organized in P2-17.  Output Mode  Output Frequency (Motor Speed)  Output (Motor) Current  Motor Torque  Output (Motor) Power  PID Output	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto ters P2-16 and P2-17 muts the value programmed  0 to P-01.  0 to 200% of P1-08. 0 to 200% of drive rate Output from the internal	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds tha applied to the Ana ust be used togeth d in P2-16, and re ed torque. d power. I PID Controller, C	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit.  The adjustable limit alog Input 2 excenter to control the liturn to Logic 0 with a control to Logic 0 w	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The outlen the signal fall	tput will switch
P2-12	2 3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \ to Logic value pro Analog 8 9 10 11 12 Analog	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed ogrammed in P2-17.  Output Mode  Output Frequency (Motor Speed)  Output (Motor) Current  Motor Torque  Output (Motor) Power  PID Output  Output 1 (Terminal 8) Forn	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto ters P2-16 and P2-17 muts the value programmed  0 to P-01.  0 to 200% of P1-08. 0 to 200% of drive rate Output from the internal	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds tha applied to the Ana ust be used togeth d in P2-16, and re ed torque. d power. I PID Controller, C	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit the adjustable limit. The adjustable limit alog Input 2 excenter to control the laturn to Logic 0 w	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The ou	tput will switch
P2-12	2 3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \ to logic value pro Analog 8 9 10 11 12 Analog U 0-10	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed agrammed in P2-17.  Output Mode  Output Frequency (Motor Speed)  Output (Motor) Current  Motor Torque  Output (Motor) Power  PID Output 3 Output 1 (Terminal 8) Form	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto ters P2-16 and P2-17 muts the value programmed  0 to P-01.  0 to 200% of P1-08. 0 to 200% of drive rate Output from the internal	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds tha applied to the Ana ust be used togeth d in P2-16, and re ed torque. d power. I PID Controller, C	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit.  The adjustable limit alog Input 2 excenter to control the liturn to Logic 0 with a control to Logic 0 w	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The outlen the signal fall	tput will switch
P2-12	2 3 4 5 6 7 NOTE \ to Logic value pro Analog 8 9 10 11 12 Analog	At Target Frequency (Speed)  Output Frequency > 0.0  Output Frequency >= Limit  Output Current >= Limit  Motor Torque >= Limit  Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit  When using settings 4 - 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed ogrammed in P2-17.  Output Mode  Output Frequency (Motor Speed)  Output (Motor) Current  Motor Torque  Output (Motor) Power  PID Output  Output 1 (Terminal 8) Forn	Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the moto ters P2-16 and P2-17 muts the value programmed  0 to P-01.  0 to 200% of P1-08. 0 to 200% of drive rate Output from the internal	r runs above zero r speed exceeds r current exceeds orque exceeds tha applied to the Ana ust be used togeth d in P2-16, and re ed torque. d power. I PID Controller, C	hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit.  The adjustable limit alog Input 2 excenter to control the liturn to Logic 0 with a control to Logic 0 w	nit.  eds the adjustable opehaviour. The outlen the signal fall	tput will switcl

U 10-0 10 to 0V # 20-0 | 20 to OmA **A 20-4** 20 to 4mA

r	Parameter Nam	е	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
3 Analo	g Output 2 (Terminal 11) Fun	ction Select	0	12	9	-
Digita	l Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24	V DC				
0	Drive Enabled (Running)	Logic 1 when the Option	drive is enabled (I	Running).		
1	Drive Healthy	Logic 1 When no Fault	condition exists o	n the drive.		
2	At Target Frequency (Speed)	Logic 1 when the outpu	ut frequency matc	hes the setpoint fr	equency.	
3	Output Frequency > 0.0	Logic 1 when the moto	r runs above zero	speed.	· · ·	
4	Output Frequency >= Limit	Logic 1 when the moto	r speed exceeds	the adjustable lim	it.	
5	Output Current >= Limit	Logic 1 when the moto	r current exceeds	the adjustable lim	nit.	
6	Motor Torque >= Limit	Logic when the motor t	orque exceeds the	e adjustable limit.		
7	Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit	Logic when the signal o	applied to the And	alog Input 2 exce	eds the adjustable	e limit.
to Logic value p	When using settings 4 – 7, parame c 1 when the selected signal exceed programmed in P2-17.	ters P2-16 and P2-17 mu ds the value programmed	ust be used togeth d in P2-16, and re	ner to control the k turn to Logic 0 wh	pehaviour. The ou nen the signal fall:	tput will switch s below the
Analo	g Output Mode					
8	Output Frequency (Motor Speed)	0 to P-01.				
9	Output (Motor) Current	0 to 200% of P1-08.		,		
10	Motor Torque	0 to 200% of motor ra	ted torque.			
11	Output (Motor) Power	0 to 150% of drive rate	ed power.			
12	PID Output	Output from the interno	ıl PID Controller, C	) – 100%.		
Analo	g Output 2 (Terminal 11) For	mat	See E	Below	U 0- 10	-
U 0-10	0 to 10V					
A 0-50	0 to 20mA					
R 4-20	4 to 20mA					
U 10-0	10 to 0V					
A 50-0	20 to 0mA					
A 50-4	20 to 4mA					
User F select	Relay 1 Output (Terminals 14	, 15 & 16) Function	o	14	1	-
Setting	Function	Logic 1 when				
0	Drive Enabled (Running)	The Optidrive is enable	ed (Running).			
1	Drive Healthy	No fault or trip condition	on exists on the dr	ive.		
2	At Target Frequency (Speed)	Output frequency mate	ches the setpoint fr	equency.		
3	Output Frequency > 0.0	The motor runs above 2	zero speed.			
4	Output Frequency >= Limit	The motor speed excee	eds the adjustable	e limit.		
5	Output Current >= Limit	The motor current exce	eds the adjustable	e limit.		
6	Motor Torque >= Limit	The motor torque exce	eds the adjustable	e limit.		
7	Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit	The signal applied to the	ne Analog Input 2	exceeds the adju	ustable limit.	
8	Reserved	No Function.				
9	Reserved	No Function.				
10	Maintenance Due	The internally program	mable maintenand	ce timer has elaps	sed.	
11	Drive Ready	0 to 150% of drive rate	ed power.			
12	Drive Tripped	The drive is not tripped hardware enable input	, the STO circuit is t present (Digital I	closed, the main	s supply is presen	t and the
13	STO Status	When both STO inputs	are present and	the drive is able to	be operated.	
14	PID Error >= Limit	The PID Error (difference programmed limit.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	r equal to the
will swi	When using settings 4 – 7 and 14, tch to Logic 1 when the selected sig	parameters P2-16 and F nal exceeds the value p	P2-17 must be use rogrammed in P2-	ed together to con -16, and return to	trol the behaviou Logic 0 when the	r. The output signal falls

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ar		Parameter Nam	е	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P2-16		able Threshold 1 Upper Limi y Output 1)	t (Analog Output 1	P2-17	200.0	100.0	%	
P2-17		able Threshold 1 Lower Limi y Output 1)	it (Analog Output 1	0.0	P2-16	0.0	%	
	Used in	conjunction with some settings of P	arameters P2-11 & P2-15	).				
2-18	User Research	elay 2 Output (Terminals 17	& 18) Function	0	14	0	-	
	Setting	Function	Logic 1 when					
	0	Drive Enabled (Running)	The Optidrive is enable	d (Running).				
	1	Drive Healthy	No fault or trip conditio	on exists on the dri	ve.			
	2	At Target Frequency (Speed)	Output frequency matcl	hes the setpoint fr	equency.			
	3	Output Frequency > 0.0	The motor runs above z	ero speed.				
	4	Output Frequency >= Limit	The motor speed excee	ds the adjustable	limit.			
	5	Output Current >= Limit	The motor current excee	eds the adjustable	e limit.			
	6	Motor Torque >= Limit	The motor torque excee	eds the adjustable	limit.			
	7	Analog Input 2 Signal Level >= Limit	The signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit.					
	8	Hoist Brake Control	Enables Hoist Mode. The Refer to your Invertek Down No Function.	he Output relay m rives Sales Partne	nay be used to co er for further inforr	ontrol the motor ho mation.	olding brak	
	9	Reserved						
	10	Maintenance Due	The internally programmable maintenance timer has elapsed.					
	11	Drive Ready	0 to 150% of drive rated power.					
	12	Drive Tripped	The drive is not tripped, the STO circuit is closed, the mains supply is present and the hardware enable input present (Digital Input 1 unless changed by the user).					
	13	STO Status	When both STO inputs	are present and t	he drive is able to	o be operated.		
	14	PID Error >= Limit	The PID Error (difference programmed limit.	e between setpoi	nt and feedback	) is greater than o	r equal to t	
	will swite	When using settings 4 – 7 and 14, ch to Logic 1 when the selected sig ne value programmed in P2-17.	parameters P2-16 and Pi nal exceeds the value pro	2-17 must be use ogrammed in P2-	d together to cor 16, and return to	ntrol the behavious Logic 0 when the	The outpu signal falls	
2-19		able Threshold 1 Upper Limi y Output 2)	t (Analog Output 2	P2-20	200.0	100.0	%	
2-20	/ Rela	able Threshold 1 Lower Limi y Output 2)		0.0	P2-19	0.0	%	
		conjunction with some settings of P	arameters P2-13 & P2-18	3.				
2-21	Display	y Scaling Factor		-30.000	30.000	0.000	-	
2-22		y Scaling Source		0	2	0	-	
	display of	P2-22 allow the user to program to conveyer speed in metres per sections set >0, the variable selected in F ' to indicate the customer scaled up	and based on the output for 22-22 is multiplied by the	requency. This fur	ection is disabled	if P2-21 is set to (	).	
	P2-22	Options	Scaled Value is					
	0	Motor Speed	If P-10 = 0, Output Freq If P-10 > 0, Motor RPM	. ,	•			
	1	Motor Current	Motor Amps x Scaling					
	2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2 % (PO-C		or			
	3	PO-80 Value	PO-80 Value x Scaling	Factor				
2-23	Zero S	peed Holding Time		0.0	60.0	0.2	Second	
		nes the time for which the drive outp	ut frequency is held at zero	o when stopping,	before the drive c	output is disabled.		
2-24		ve Switching Frequency			Rating Depe	·	kHz	
	Effective	power stage switching frequency.	The range of settings availa	able and factory o	default parameter	setting depend o	n the drive	
	Dower a	nd voltage rating. Higher frequenci pense of increased drive losses. Ref	es reduce the audible 'ring	ging' noise from th	e motor, and imp	rove the output cu	rrent wave	

Par		Parameter Nam	18	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-25	2nd Do	eceleration Ramp Time		0.00	240.0	0.00	Seconds
P2-25	_	ameter allows an alternative decel	eration ramp down time			0.00	
	digital in	iputs (dependent on the setting of	P1-13) or selected autom	natically in the cas	se of a mains pov	ver loss if P2-38	= 2.
		et to 0.0, the drive will coast to stop	0.		_	-	
P2-26		tart Enable		<b>O</b>	1	0	-
	0	Disabled	Spin Start is not active. always stationary befo			applications whe	re the motor is
	1	Enabled	When enabled, on star rotating, and will begin observed when starting	to control the mo	otor from its currer		
	2	Enabled for Coast, Trip or after Mains Loss	Spin start is active only	following the liste	ed conditions, othe	erwise spin start i	s disabled.
P2-27	Standb	y Mode Timer		0.0	250.0	0.0	Seconds
	This pard for great P2-27 =	ameter defines the time period, wh ter than the set time period, the Op 0.0.	ereby if the drive operate otidrive output will be disc	es at the frequences bled, and the dis	y / speed set in F splay will show <b>5</b> &	23-14 (Standby s andby. The functi	peed threshold) on is disabled if
P2-28	Slave S	Speed Scaling Control		0	3	0	-
	Active in factor or	Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) c radjusted using an analog trim or	and Slave mode (P1-12=. offset.	5) only. The keypo	ad reference can	be multiplied by	a preset scaling
	0	Disabled (No Scaling)					
	1	Actual Speed = Digital Spe	eed x P2-29				
	2	Actual Speed = (Digital Sp	eed x P2-29) + Anal	og Input 1 Ref	ference		
	3	Actual Speed = (Digital Sp	eed x P2-29) x Anal	og Input 1 Re	ference		
P2-29	Slave S	Speed Scaling Factor		-500.0	500.0	100.0	%
	Used in	conjunction with P2-28.					
P2-30	Analog	g Input 1 (Terminal 6) Forma	at .	See I	Below	U 0- 10	-
	Setting	Signal Format					
	U 0- 10	0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)					
	U 10-0	10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)					
	- 10- 10	-10 to +10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar)					
	A 0-50	0 to 20mA Signal					
	F 4-50	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive	will trip and show the fa	ult code <b>4-20F</b> it	f the signal level fo	alls below 3mA	
	r 4-20	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive	will ramp to stop if the si	gnal level falls be	elow 3mA		
	£ 20-4	3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			alls below 3mA	
	r 20-4	3 7 7 7 7	will ramp to stop if the si	Ī			
P2-31		g Input 1 Scaling		0.0	2000.0	100.0	%
	Scales the drive	he analog input by this factor, e.g. e running at maximum speed (P1-0	it P2-30 is set for 0 – 10\ 1)	V, and the scaling	tactor is set to 20	00.0%, a 5 volt ir	put will result in
P2-32	Analog	g Input 1 Offset		-500.0	500.0	0.0	%
		offset, as a percentage of the full s		vhich is applied to	o the analog inpu		I
P2-33		g Input 2 (Terminal 10) Form	at	See I	Below	U 0- 10	-
	Setting	Signal Format					
	U 0- 10	3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7					
	U 10-0	3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7					
	Ptc-th						
	A 0-50	-					
	F 4-50	0 , 1	·			alls below 3mA	
	r 4-20	3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7					
	F 50-4	0 , 1	·			alls below 3mA	
	r 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive	will ramp to stop if the si	gnal level falls be	elow 3mA		

		Parameter Nam	е	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P2-34	Analog	Input 2 Scaling		0.0	2000.0	100.0	%			
	Scales the	ne analog input by this factor, e.g. running at maximum speed (P1-0	if P2-30 is set for 0 – 10 1).	V, and the scaling	factor is set to 21	00.0%, a 5 volt in	put will result			
P2-35	Analog	Input 2 Offset		-500.0	500.0	0.0	%			
	Sets an a	offset, as a percentage of the full se	cale range of the input, v	which is applied to	the analog inpu	ıt signal.				
P2-36	Start M	lode Select / Automatic Res	start	See E	Below	AULo-O	%			
	Defines t	he behaviour of the drive relating	to the enable digital inpu	nput and also configures the Automatic Restart function.						
	Ed9E-r	Following Power on or reset, the on or reset to start the drive.	drive will not start if Digi	tal Input 1 remain	s closed. The Inpi	ut must be closed	after a powe			
	AULo-O	considered.								
	AULo- I	Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to restart at 20 second intervals. The drive must be powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the final attempt, the drive will								
	AUF0-5	fault with, and will require the user to manually reset the fault.								
	AULo-3									
	AULo-4	1								
	AULo-5									
	♠ DA	ANGER! "AULo' modes allo ifety needs to be considered	w the drive to Auto	-start, therefo	re the impact	on system/Pe	rsonnel			
P2-37		d Mode Restart Speed	<del></del>	0	3	1	-			
,	This parc	umeter is only active when P1-12 = eypad. When settings 4 – 7 are us	1 or 2. When settings C ed, the drive starting is c	) to 3 are used, the	e drive must be st	arted by pressing	the Start key			
	0	Minimum Speed	Following a stop and r				m speed P1-			
	1	Previous Operating Speed	Following a stop and r prior to stopping.	estart, the drive w	ill return to the las	st keypad setpoint	speed used			
	2	Current Running Speed	Where the Optidrive is configured for multiple speed references (typically Hand control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by a digital drive will continue to operate at the last operating speed.							
	3	Preset Speed 8	Following a stop and re	ollowing a stop and restart, the Optidrive will always initially run at Preset Speed 8 (P2-0						
	4	Minimum Speed (Terminal Enable)	Following a stop and r	estart, the drive w	ill always initially	run at the minimur				
							m speed P1-0			
	5	Previous Operating Speed (Terminal Enable)	Following a stop and r prior to stopping.	estart, the drive w	ill return to the las	st keypad setpoint				
	6			s configured for mote control), wher	ultiple speed refe n switched to key	erences (typically pad mode by a d	speed used			
	5 6 7	(Terminal Enable) Current Running Speed	prior to stopping.  Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Rem	s configured for mote control), where	ultiple speed refe n switched to key operating speed	erences (typically pad mode by a d	speed used Hand / Auto			
P2-38	7	(Terminal Enable)  Current Running Speed (Terminal Enable)  Preset Speed 8	prior to stopping.  Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Rem drive will continue to a Following a stop and re	s configured for mote control), where	ultiple speed refe n switched to key operating speed	erences (typically pad mode by a d	Hand / Auto			
P2-38	7	(Terminal Enable)  Current Running Speed (Terminal Enable)  Preset Speed 8 (Terminal Enable)	prior to stopping.  Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Rem drive will continue to a Following a stop and re	s configured for mote control), when operate at the last estart, the Optidrive	ultiple speed refers witched to key operating speed.  e will always inition  2 perating by recovered is short, and su	erences (typically pad mode by a definition of the serious serious from the serious from the serious energy from the serious energy cally cally cally serious energy from the serious energy cally cally serious energy energy serious energy serious energy serious energy energy serious energy	Hand / Autoligital input, the load in be recover			
P2-38	7 Mains	(Terminal Enable)  Current Running Speed (Terminal Enable)  Preset Speed 8 (Terminal Enable)  Loss Ride Through / Stop Co	prior to stopping.  Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Rem drive will continue to a Following a stop and remoter. Providing that the before the drive control	s configured for many perate at the last operate at the last destart, the Optidrive operate of the continue operate operate of the continue operate of the continue operate of the continue operate of	ultiple speed refers a switched to key operating speed. The will always inition and the control of the control	erences (typically pad mode by a deally run at Preset Spanish Preset Preset Preset Preset Preset	Hand / Autoligital input, the peed 8 (P2-0)  the the load in be recover estart on return to a coat in the load in			
P2-38	7 Mains	(Terminal Enable)  Current Running Speed (Terminal Enable)  Preset Speed 8 (Terminal Enable)  Loss Ride Through / Stop Co	prior to stopping.  Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Rem drive will continue to of Following a stop and respective of the Optidrive will attermotor. Providing that the before the drive control of mains power.  The Optidrive will immore free wheel. When upon the Optidrive of the or the of the or the Optidrive will or free wheel.	s configured for motore control), where the last reperate at the last restart, the Optidrive of the mains loss period electronics power and the setting wind bled.	ultiple speed refers a switched to key operating speed a will always inition.  2  perating by recovered is short, and surer off, the drive we have output to the match high inertia local control of the match high inertial local control of the match in t	erences (typically pad mode by a day and mode and mode. The second mode and	Hand / Autoligital input, the peed 8 (P2-0)  the the load in be recover estart on return to coafunction (P2-0)			
P2-38	7 Mains 0	(Terminal Enable)  Current Running Speed (Terminal Enable)  Preset Speed 8 (Terminal Enable)  Loss Ride Through / Stop Co Mains Loss Ride Through  Coast To Stop	prior to stopping.  Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Rem drive will continue to of Following a stop and respont to the Optidrive will atter motor. Providing that the before the drive control of mains power.  The Optidrive will immore free wheel. When up 26) may need to be experienced to be a solution of the optidrive will immore free wheel.	configured for management of the last operate at the last operate, the Optidrive operate mains loss period electronics power ediately disable the sing this setting winabled.	ultiple speed refers witched to key operating speed.  e will always inition  2  perating by recovered is short, and surer off, the drive was the output to the match high inertia located are drive is powered as powered in the drive is powered.	erences (typically pad mode by a distribution of the serior of the serio	Hand / Autoligital input, the peed 8 (P2-0)  the load in be recover estart on return function (P2-1) time P2-25.			
	7 Mains 0 1 2 3	(Terminal Enable)  Current Running Speed (Terminal Enable)  Preset Speed 8 (Terminal Enable)  Loss Ride Through / Stop Co Mains Loss Ride Through  Coast To Stop  Fast Ramp To Stop  DC Bus Power Supply	prior to stopping.  Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Rem drive will continue to a Following a stop and responsive to the Optidrive will attermotor. Providing that the before the drive control of mains power.  The Optidrive will immore free wheel. When up 26) may need to be each of the drive will ramp to so the optidrive will	configured for management of the last operate at the last operate, the Optidrive operate mains loss period electronics power ediately disable the sing this setting winabled.	ultiple speed refers witched to key operating speed.  e will always inition  2  perating by recovered is short, and surer off, the drive was the output to the match high inertia located are drive is powered as powered in the drive is powered.	erences (typically pad mode by a distribution of the pad mode by a distribution of the pad mode by a distribution of the pads, the Spin Start 2nd deceleration and directly via the start of the pads	Hand / Autoligital input, the peed 8 (P2-0)  the load in be recover estart on return function (P2-1) time P2-25.			
P2-38	7 Mains 0 1 2 3	(Terminal Enable)  Current Running Speed (Terminal Enable)  Preset Speed 8 (Terminal Enable)  Loss Ride Through / Stop Co Mains Loss Ride Through  Coast To Stop  Fast Ramp To Stop  DC Bus Power Supply Mode	prior to stopping.  Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Rem drive will continue to a Following a stop and responsive to the Optidrive will attermotor. Providing that the before the drive control of mains power.  The Optidrive will immore free wheel. When up 26) may need to be each of the drive will ramp to so the optidrive will	configured for management of the last operate at the last operate, the Optidrive operate, the Optidrive operate at the Optidrive operate mains loss period electronics power ediately disable the sing this setting winabled.	ultiple speed refers to switched to key operating speed.  will always inition  appearating by recovered is short, and super off, the drive we have output to the match high inertia local organization of the pogrammed in the later drive is powereales Partner for further to the match that is powereales and the later drive is powereales and the later drive is powereales and the later drive is powereales.	erences (typically pad mode by a distribution of the control of th	Hand / Autoligital input, the peed 8 (P2-0)  the load in be recover estart on return function (P2-1) time P2-25.			
	7 Mains 0  1  2 3	Current Running Speed (Terminal Enable)  Preset Speed 8 (Terminal Enable)  Loss Ride Through / Stop Co Mains Loss Ride Through  Coast To Stop  Past Ramp To Stop  DC Bus Power Supply Mode  eter Access Lock	prior to stopping.  Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Rem drive will continue to of Following a stop and responsive to the Optidrive will attermotor. Providing that the before the drive control of mains power.  The Optidrive will immore free wheel. When up 26) may need to be earned the drive will ramp to some or the drive will ramp to some of the drive will ramp	configured for motore control), where the last reperted at the last reperted at the last reperted at the Optidrive sestart, the Optidrive mpt to continue open mains loss period electronics power ediately disable the sing this setting winabled.  Stop at the rate proof to be used when the to your Invertek Stop accessed and characteristics.	ultiple speed refers a switched to key operating speed a will always inition.  2 perating by recovered is short, and super off, the drive we have output to the match high inertia local and a speed and in the period of the peri	erences (typically pad mode by a day and mode by a day and mode by a day and	Hand / Autoligital input, the peed 8 (P2-0) In the load in be recover estart on return function (P2-1) time P2-25.			

# 8.2. Parameter Group 3 - PID Control

#### 8.2.1. Overview

Optidrive P2 provides an internal PID controller. Parameters for configuration of the PID controller are located together in Group 3. For simple applications, the user needs to only define the setpoint source (P3-05 to select the source or P3-06 for a fixed setpoint), feedback source (P3-10) and adjust the P Gain (P3-01), I time (P3-02) and optionally the differential time (P3-03).

The PID operation is uni-directional, and all signals are treated as 0 – 100% to provide a simple, intuitive operating format.

#### 8.2.2. Parameter List

Par		Parameter Nan	ne	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P3-01	PID	Proportional Gain		0.1	30.0	1.0	-			
	PID (	Controller Proportional Gain, Higher e feedback signal. Too high a value c	values provide a greater c can cause instability.	change in the driv	e output frequenc	cy in response to s	mall changes			
P3-02	PID	Integral Time Constant		0.0	30.0	1.0	S			
	PID (	Controller Integral Time. Larger value:	s provide a more damped	l response for syst	ems where the ov	verall process resp	oonds slowly.			
P3-03	PID	Differential Time Constant		0.00	1.00	0.00	s			
	PID E	Differential Time Constant.		_						
P3-04	PID	Operating Mode	0	1	1	-				
	0	Direct Operation	Use this mode if an incifeedback signal.	Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should result in an increase in the feedback signal.						
	1	Inverse Operation	Use this mode if an inci feedback signal.	rease in the motor	speed should re	sult in a decrease	in the			
P3-05	PID	Reference (Setpoint) Source S	elect	0	2	0	-			
	0	PID Reference (Setpoint) Source Select	P3-06 is used.							
	1	Analog Input 1 Setpoint	Analog Input 1 as disp	played in PO-01 is used.						
	2	Analog Input 2 Setpoint	Analog Input 2 as displayed in PO-02 is used.							
P3-06	PID	Digital Reference (Setpoint)		0.0	100.0	0.0	%			
	from	n P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the p a transducer such as a pressure trans ar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the lev	ducer or level measuremer							
P3-07	PID	Controller Output Upper Limi	ŀ	P3-08	100.0	100.0	%			
	Limits	the maximum value output from the f	PID controller.							
P3-08	PID	Controller Output Lower Limi	ł	0.0	P3-07	0.0	%			
	Limits	the minimum output from the PID cor	ntroller.							
P3-09	PID	Output Limit Control		0	3	0	-			
	0	Digital Output Limits	The output range of the	The output range of the PID controller is limited by the values of P3-07 & P3-08.						
	1	Analog Input 1 Provides a Variable Upper Limit	The output range of the applied to Analog Inpu	ne PID controller is limited by the values of P3-08 & the signal put 1.						
	2	Analog Input 1 Provides a Variable Lower Limit	The output range of the the value of P3-07.	ne PID controller is limited by the signal applied to Analog Input 1 &						
	3	PID output Added to Analog Input 1 Value	The output value from the Analog Input 1.	he PID Controller	is added to the sp	peed reference a	oplied to the			
P3-10	PID	Feedback Signal Source Selec	:t	0	1	0	-			
	0	Analog Input 2								
	1	Analog Input 1								
	2	Output Current								
	3	DC Bus Voltage								
	4	Differential : Analog Input 1	– Analog Input 2							
	5	Largest Value : Analog Inpu	t 1 or Analog Input 2							

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Par		Parameter Nam	e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P3-11	Max	kimum PID Error to Enable Ran	nps	0.0	25.0	0.0	%	
	Defines a threshold PID error level, whereby if the difference between the setpoint and feedback values is less than the set threshold the internal ramp times of the drive are disabled. Where a greater PID error exists, the ramp times are enabled to limit the rate of change of motor speed on large PID errors, and react quickly to small errors.							
	ramp	ng to 0.0 means that the drive ramps of is where a fast reaction to the PID con ble over current or over voltage trips l	trol is required, however	by only disabling				
P3-12	PID	Feedback Value Display Scalin	g Factor	0.000	50.000	0.000	-	
		ies a scaling factor to the displayed Pl ar etc.	D feedback, allowing the	e user to display t	he actual signal l	evel from a transo	ducer, e.g. 0 –	
P3-13	PID	Error Wake Up Level		0.0	100.0	5.0	%	
		a programmable level whereby if the fall below this threshold before the dri			g under PID contr	ol, the selected fe	eedback signal	
P3-18	PID	Operation Control		0	1	1	-	
	0	Continuous PID Operation	In this operating mode, drive is enabled or disc maximum level prior to	abled. This can re:	sult in the output o	of the PID controll	s of whether the er reaching the	
	1	PID operation on Drive Enable	In this operating mode, hence will always start	the PID controller from zero when the	only operates w ne drive is enable	hen the drive is e	nabled, and	

# 8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 - High Performance Motor Control

#### **Overview**

Parameters relating to the motor control are located together in Group 4. These parameters allow the user to:

- Select the motor type to match the connected motor..
- Carry out an autotune.
- Define the torque limits and setpoint source for control methods that support this (vector control methods only).

Optidrive P2 can operate with both Asynchronous Induction Motors, the type most commonly seen today, and also some synchronous motors. The sections below provide basic guidance on how to adjust the parameters to operate with the required motor type.

### 8.2.4. Asynchronous IM Motors

#### **IM Motor Control Methods**

IM Motors may be operated in the following modes:

- V/F Speed Control (Default Mode)
  - o This mode provides the simplest control, and is suitable for a wide range of applications.
- Sensorless Vector Torque Control
  - o This method is suitable for specific applications only, which require the motor torque to be the primary control function, rather than speed, and should be used with extreme care only in specific applications.
- Sensorless Vector Speed Control
  - o This method provides increased starting torque compared to V/F mode, along with improved motor speed regulation with changing load conditions. This method is suitable for more demanding applications.

## **Operating in Sensorless Vector Speed Control Mode**

Optidrive P2 can be programmed by the user to operate in Sensorless Vector mode, which provides enhanced low speed torque, optimum motor speed regulation regardless of load and accurate control of the motor torque. In most applications, the default Voltage Vector control mode will provide adequate performance, however if Sensorless Vector operation is required, use the following procedure.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
  - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage
  - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current
  - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency
  - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm)
  - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.

- Select Sensorless Vector Speed Control mode by setting P4-01 = 0.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.



The Autotune will begin immediately when P4-O2 is set regardless of the status of the drive enable signal. Whilst the autotune procedure does not drive or spin the motor, the motor shaft may still turn slightly. It is not normally necessary to uncouple the load from the motor; however the user should ensure that no risk arises from the possible movement of the motor shaft.

It is essential that the correct motor data is entered into the relevant drive parameters. Incorrect parameter settings can result in poor or even dangerous performance.

#### 8.2.5. Synchronous Motors

#### **Overview**

Optidrive P2 provides open loop vector control of the following synchronous motor types.

### PM AC Permanent Magnet AC Motors and BLDC Brushless DC Motors

Optidrive P2 can be used to control Permanent Magnet AC or Brushless DC motors without a feedback encoder or resolver. These motors operate synchronously, and a vector control strategy is used to maintain correct operation. In general, the motor can be operated between 10% - 100% of rated speed with a correctly selected and configured drive. Optimum control is achieved when the motor back EMF / Rated speed ratio is >= 1V/Hz. Motors with Back EMF / Rated frequency ratio below this level may not operate correctly, or may operate only with reduced speed range.

PM AC and BLDC motor control employs the same strategy, and the same commissioning method is applied.



Permanent Magnet motors (including BLDC) produce an output voltage known as the Back EMF when the shaft is rotated. The user must ensure that the motor shaft cannot rotate at a speed where this Back EMF exceeds the voltage limit for the drive, otherwise damage can occur.

The following parameter settings are necessary before attempting to operate the motor.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
  - o P1-07 Back EMF at Rated Frequency / Speed (kE)

This is the voltage imposed by the magnets at the drive output terminals when the motor operates at rated frequency or speed. Some motors may provide a value for volts per thousand RPM, and it may be necessary to calculate the correct value for P1-07.

- o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
- o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
- o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
- Select PM Motor Speed control mode by setting P4-01 = 3 or BLDC Motor Speed Control by setting P4-01 = 5.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.
  - o The autotune measures the electrical data required from the motor to ensure good control.
- To improve motor starting and low speed operation, the following parameters may require adjustment:
  - o P7-14: Low Frequency Torque Boost Current: Injects additional current into the motor to help rotor alignment at low output frequency. Set as % of P1-08.
  - o P7-15: Low Frequency Torque Boost Frequency Limit: Defines the frequency range where the torque boost is applied. Set as % of P1-09.

Following the steps above, it should be possible to operate the motor. Further parameter settings are possible to enhance the performance if required, please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner for more information.

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#### 8.2.6. Syn RM Synchronous Reluctance Motors

When operating with Synchronous Reluctance motors, carry out the following steps.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
  - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage.
  - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
  - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
  - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
  - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Synchronous Reluctance Motor Control mode by setting P4-01 = 6.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.

#### 8.2.7. Group 4 Parameter Listing



Incorrect adjustment of parameters in menu group 4 can cause unexpected behaviour of the motor and any connected machinery. It is recommended that these parameters are only adjusted by experienced users.

Par		Pa	rameter Na	ıme		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P4-01	Motor Cor	ntrol Mode				0	6	2	-	
	Setting	Motor Type	Primary Control	Control Method	Additiona	l Information				
	0	IM	Speed	Vector	Speed contro	ol with Torque Lin	nit. Torque Limit Sc	ource selected by	y P4-06.	
	1	IM	Torque	Vector	Torque Contr Speed Limit o	rol with Speed Lin defined by the Sp	mit. Torque referen beed Reference.	nce selected by I	P4-06.	
	2	IM	Speed	V/F	V/F control for simple applications with standard IM Motors.					
	3	AC PM	Speed	Vector	For speed co	ontrol of AC PM r	idal back EMF.			
	4	AC PM	Torque	Vector	For torque co	e control of AC PM motors with Sinusoidal back EMF.				
	5		Speed	Vector	For speed co	peed control of BLDC motors with Trapezoidal back EMF.				
	6	Syn RM	Speed	Vector	For speed co	ontrol of Synchror	nous Reluctance m	notors.		
P4-02	Motor Par	ameter Au	to-tune Ena	ble	0	1	0	-		
-	When set to 1, the drive immediately carries out a non-rotating autotune to measure the motor parameters for optimum control and efficiency. Following completion of the autotune, the parameter automatically returns to 0.									
P4-03	Vector Sp	Vector Speed Controller Proportional Gain					400.0	25.0	%	
	= 0 or 1). Hi current trips. increasing th no overshoo	igher values p For application we value and rest where the ore igher friction l	provide better of ons requiring b monitoring the of utput speed ex	butput frequent est possible p actual output ceeds the setp	icy regulation of erformance, the speed of the lo point.	and response. Too e value should be ad until the requi	eed or Vector Tord o high a value ca e adjusted to suit t red dynamic behi igh inertia, low fri	n cause instabilit he connected lo aviour is achieve	y or even over ad by gradually d with little or	
P4-04	Vector Spe	eed Contro	ller Integral	Time Cons	tant	0.000	2.000	0.050	S	
	Sets the integintroducing in	gral time for th nstability. For l	e speed contro pest dynamic p	ller. Smaller v erformance, th	alues provide c ne value should	a faster response i be adjusted to si	n reaction to moto uit the connected l	or load changes, oad.	at the risk of	
P4-05	Motor Pov	wer Factor	Cos Ø			0.50	0.99	-	-	
	When opera	ating in Vector	Speed motor	control mode	s, this paramete	er must be set to t	he motor namepl	ate power factor		

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		Pa	rameter N	ame	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P4-06	Torque (	Control Refer	ence / Lim	it Source	0	5	0	-			
	0	Fixed Digi	tal	The torque controller refer	erence / limit is set in P4-07.						
	1	Analog In	put 1		trolled based on the signal applied to Analog Input 1, whereby 1005 ult in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-07.						
	2	Analog In	put 2		trolled based on the signal applied to Analog Input 2, whereby 100' out in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-07.						
	3	Fieldbus		The output torque is contro whereby 100% input signo value set in P4-07.	e output torque is controlled based on the signal from the communications Fieldbus, ereby 100% input signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the ue set in P4-07.						
	4	Master / S	Slave	The output torque is control 100% input signal level w P4-07.	rolled based on the signal from the Invertek Master / Slave, whereb vill result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in						
	5	PID Contro	oller	The output torque is control signal level will result in the							
P4-07	Maximu	m Motoring	Current Lin	nit	P4-08	500.0	150.0	%			
	When ope	erating in V/F N ducing the outpu	lode (P4-01 = t frequency to	onjunction with P4-06.  = 2), this parameter defines to attempt to limit the current.	<u>'</u>		'				
	Minimu	m Motoring T	orque Limi	t	P4-08	500.0	150.0	%			
	Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 = 0 or 1). Sets a minimum torque limit, whereby the when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque on the motor at all times whilst operating.										
	⚠ NO	OTE This para	meter should be level, a	uld be used with extre and may exceed the sel	me care, as the lected speed re	drive output	frequency wil	l increase to			
P4-09											
				.imit (Maximum	0.0	200.0	100.0	%			
P4-09	Regener	or Mode Ma rative Torque y in Vector Spee	)		0.0	200.0					
	Active only the Optida	or Mode Ma rative Torque y in Vector Spee	d or Vector To	corque motor control modes l	0.0	200.0					
	Active only the Option  V/F Char  When ope	or Mode Marative Torque y in Vector Spee ive. racteristic Ac erating in V/F m	d or Vector Tolliustment Foode (P4-01 =	corque motor control modes l	<b>0.0</b> [P4-0] = 0 or 1]. §	200.0 Sets the maximum P1-09 ets a frequency p	regenerating tord	que allowed b			
P4-10	Active only the Optidar V/F Char When open P4-11 is a	or Mode Marative Torque y in Vector Spee ive. racteristic Ac erating in V/F m	d or Vector To ljustment F ode (P4-01 = tor. Care mus	corque motor control modes le requency  2), this parameter in conjunts be taken to avoid overhea	<b>0.0</b> [P4-0] = 0 or 1]. §	200.0 Sets the maximum P1-09 ets a frequency p	regenerating tord	que allowed b <b>Hz</b> voltage set in			
P4-10	Active on the Optidr  V/F Cha  When oper P4-11 is a  V/F Cha	or Mode Marative Torque y in Vector Specive.  racteristic Acceptating in V/F m pplied to the mo	d or Vector To ljustment F ode (P4-01 = tor. Care mus ljustment \	corque motor control modes lorque motor control modes lorequency  2), this parameter in conjunts be taken to avoid overheace	0.0 (P4-01 = 0 or 1). S  0.0 (P4-11 setting and damagin	200.0 Sets the maximum P1-09 ets a frequency p g the motor wher	regenerating tord  0.0  oint at which the value of using this feature	Hz voltage set in			
P4-10 P4-11	Active only the Optidar V/F Cha When open P4-11 is a V/F Cha Used in co	or Mode Ma rative Torque y in Vector Spec- ive. racteristic Ac erating in V/F m pplied to the mo	d or Vector To ljustment F ode (P4-01 = tor. Care mus ljustment V	corque motor control modes le requency  2), this parameter in conjunts be taken to avoid overheat rollinge  10.	0.0 (P4-01 = 0 or 1). S  0.0 (P4-11 setting and damagin	200.0 Sets the maximum P1-09 ets a frequency p g the motor wher	regenerating tord  0.0  oint at which the value of using this feature	Hz voltage set in			
P4-10 P4-11	Active only the Optidar V/F Cha When open P4-11 is a V/F Cha Used in co	or Mode Marative Torque y in Vector Special ive.  racteristic Acceptating in V/F m poplied to the moderacteristic Acceptation with p	d or Vector To ljustment F ode (P4-01 = tor. Care mus ljustment V	corque motor control modes le requency  2), this parameter in conjunts be taken to avoid overheat rollinge  10.	0.0 P4-01 = 0 or 1). S  0.0 Ction with P4-11 seting and damagin	P1-09 ets a frequency pg the motor wher P1-07	regenerating tord  0.0  oint at which the value of using this feature	Hz voltage set in			
P4-10 P4-11	Active only the Optidr V/F Charles on V/F Charles on V/F Charles on Control of the Control of th	y in Vector Spee ive.  racteristic Active to the months of	Jiustment Foode (P4-01 = stor. Care must iliustment varameter P4-salue Retent All Optidrivathe motor as and will trip supply from	corque motor control modes le requency  2), this parameter in conjunts be taken to avoid overheat rollinge  10.	0.0  [P4-0] = 0 or 1). S  0.0  ction with P4-11 seting and damagin  0  overload protection overload accumulates the thermal limit	P1-09 ets a frequency pg the motor where P1-07  1  on for the connector monitors the two When P4-12 is	regenerating tord  0.0  oint at which the value of the state of the st	Hz voltage set in  V  end to protect ent over time, g the power			
P4-10 P4-11 P4-12	Regener Active only the Optide V/F Cha When ope P4-11 is a V/F Cha Used in co Thermal	y in Vector Special vector in Vector Special vector is the vector special vector is the vector in ve	d or Vector To liustment F ode (P4-01 = tor. Care must liustment V parameter P4- alue Retent All Optidrivithe motor a and will trip supply from value is reta	corque motor control modes l' crequency = 2), this parameter in conjunts be taken to avoid overheat  /oltage -10.  tion  es feature electronic thermal gainst damage. An internal of the drive if the usage exceethe drive and re-applying w	0.0  [P4-0] = 0 or 1). S  0.0  ction with P4-11 seting and damagin  0  overload protection overload accumulates the thermal limit	P1-09 ets a frequency pg the motor where P1-07  1  on for the connector monitors the two When P4-12 is	regenerating tord  0.0  oint at which the value of the state of the st	Hz voltage set in  V  end to protect ent over time, g the power			
P4-10 P4-11 P4-12	Regener Active only the Optide V/F Cha When ope P4-11 is a V/F Cha Used in co Thermal	rative Torque y in Vector Spee ive.  racteristic Ac erating in V/F m pplied to the mo racteristic Ac onjunction with p  Overload Vc  Disabled  Enabled	d or Vector To liustment F ode (P4-01 = tor. Care mus liustment V parameter P4- slue Retent All Optidriv the motor a and will trip supply from value is reta	corque motor control modes l' crequency = 2), this parameter in conjunts be taken to avoid overheat  /oltage -10.  tion  es feature electronic thermal gainst damage. An internal of the drive if the usage exceethe drive and re-applying w	0.0  (P4-01 = 0 or 1). S  0.0  ction with P4-11 seting and damagin  0  overload protection overload accumulate the thermal limit vill reset the value of	200.0 Sets the maximum P1-09 ets a frequency pg the motor wher P1-07  1 on for the connector monitors the two when P4-12 is of the accumulate	ont at which the value of the motor, design motor output curredisabled, removing the P4-12 is	roltage set in  V  end to protect ent over time, g the power			

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### 8.3. Parameter Group 5 - Communication Parameters

#### 8.3.1. Overview

Optidrive P2 provides many methods to allow the user to connect to a variety of fieldbus networks. In addition, connection to options such as external keypads, PC and Optistick are possible. Parameter Group 5 provides the parameters required to configure the various fieldbus interfaces and connection points.

#### 8.3.2. Connecting Invertek Drives Options

All Invertek Drives options which require communication with the drive, such as the Optiport and Optipad remote keypads and Optistick connect to the Optidrive P2 using the built in RJ45 connection point. The pin connections on these options are already matched, such that a simple pin to pin plug in cable can be used to connect these options without any special requirements.

For further information on connecting and using these optional items, refer to the specific option User guide.

#### 8.3.3. Connecting to a PC

Optidrive P2 may be connected to a PC with Microsoft Windows operating system to allow use of the Optitools Studio PC software for commissioning and monitoring. There are two possible methods of connection as follows:

- Wired Connection. Requires the optional PC connection kit OPT-2-USB485-OBUS which provides a USB to RS485 serial port conversion and premanufactured RJ45 connection.
- Bluetooth Wireless Connection. Requires the optional Optistick OPT-2-STICK. The PC must have Bluetooth onboard or a suitable Bluetooth dongle which can support a Bluetooth serial connection.

With either communication method, the steps to establish a connection between the PC and drive are as follows:

- Download and install the Optitools Studio PC software to the PC.
- Start the software, and select the Parameter Editor function.
- If the drive address has been changed in parameter P5-01, ensure that in the Optitools Studio software the Network Scan Limit setting in the lower left corner of the screen is set to the same or higher value.
- In Optitools Studio select Tools > Communication Type.
  - o If using the Optistick, Select BlueTooth.
  - o If using the wired PC connection kit, select RS485.
- In Optitools Studio select Tools > Select COM Port > Select the COM port associated with the connection.
- Click the Scan Drive Network button in the lower left corner of the screen.

### 8.3.4. Modbus RTU Connection

Optidrive P2 supports Modbus RTU communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications on page 61.

#### 8.3.5. CAN Open Connection

Optidrive P2 supports CAN Open communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.3. CAN Open Communication on page 63.

#### 8.3.6. Other Fieldbus Networks

Additional fieldbus network protocols are supported using optional interfaces. Refer to the Invertek Drives website for a list of supported protocols and the required interface option modules.

#### 8.3.7. Communication Parameters

Par	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P5-01	Drive Fieldbus Address	0	63	1	-
	Sets the Fieldbus address for the Optidrive.				
P5-02	CAN Open Baud Rate	125	1000	500	kbps
	Sets the baud rate when CAN Open communications are used.				
P5-03	Modbus RTU Baud rate	9.6	115.2	115.2	kbps
	Sets the baud rate when Modbus RTU communications are used.				

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Par	Name				Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P5-04	Modb	us RTU / BAC	net MSTP Data Fo	ermat	-	-	-	•			
	Sets the	expected Mod	bus telegram data for	mat as follows:							
	n- 1	No Parity, 1 s									
	n-2	No parity, 2 s	stop bits								
	0-1	Odd parity, 1	stop bit								
	E- 1	Even parity, 1	stop bit								
P5-05	Comm	unications La	•		0.0	5.0	2.0	Seconds			
	Sets the the drive	watchdog time p will assume a lo	period for the communoss of communications	ications channel. If a v has occurred and read	alid telegram is no ct as selected belo	ot received by the town. Setting to zero	Optidrive within disables the fun	this time period ction.			
P5-06	Comm	unications La	ss Action		0	3	0	-			
	0	Trip & Coas	st To Stop								
	1	Ramp to St	op Then Trip								
	2	Ramp to St	op Only (No Trip)	1							
	3	Run at Pres	set Speed 8								
P5-07	Fieldb	us Ramp Con	trol		0	1	0	-			
	0	Disabled	Ramps are control fr	om internal drive para	meters P1-03 and	d P1-04.					
	1	Enabled Ramps are controlled a		·							
P5-08	Fieldb	us Process Do	ata Output Word		0	4	0	-			
	0	Output Tor		0 to 2000 = 0 to 2	100.0%						
	1	Output Pov		Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 400 = 4.00kW							
	2	Digital Inpu		Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 1 indicates digital input 2 status etc							
	3		out 2 Signal Level	0 to 1000 = 0 to 1	•						
	4		sink Temperature								
P5-12	_		ata Output Word		0	7	0	-			
P5-12	0	Motor current				_					
	1	Power (x.xx kW)		· ·	Output current to 1 decimal place, e.g. 100 = 10.0 Amps  Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 400 = 4.00kW						
	2	Digital inpu		Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 1 indicates digital input 2 status etc.							
	3	<del>                                     </del>	out 2 Signal Level	0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%							
	4		sink Temperature	0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C							
	5	User regist		User Defined Register 1 Value							
	6	User regist		User Defined Register 1 Value							
	7	PO-80 valu		User Selected data value							
P5-13	_	us Ramp Con	-	Oser Selected date	0	1	0	_			
FJ-13		<u> </u>		The same of the							
	0		amp Control	This option must be be controlled from	the fieldbus. P5-C	7 must also be se	t to 1 to enable	this function.			
	'	User regist	er 4	allows the function In this case, User Re	The value received by the drive in PDI 4 is transferred to User Register 4. This of allows the function of the process data word to be defined in Parameter Group In this case, User Register 4 should not be written to within any PLC function could although the value can be read.						
P5-14	Fieldb	us Process Do	ata Input Word 3	Select	0	2	0	-			
	0	Torque limi	it/reference	This option must be from the fieldbus. T			imit / setpoint is	to be controlle			
	1	User PID re	eference register	This option allows to order for this option not be utilised within	n to be used, P9-3	38 must be set to 1	e received from I, and the PID U	the Fieldbus. I ser setpoint mu			
	2	User regist	er 3	The value received allows the function In this case, User Re although the value	of the process da egister 3 should n	ta word to be def	îned in Paramet	er Group 9.			
P5-15	Modbu	us Response	Delay		0	16	0	Chr			
	reply. Th	e value entered	gure an additional delo represents the delay in number of additional o	by between the drive re addition to the minimus characters.	eceiving a request um delay permissil	via the Modbus R ble according to th	TU interface, and ne Modbus RTU	d transmitting a specification,			

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### 8.4. Advanced Parameters

For Advanced Parameters, basic information only is provided in this guide. The parameter functions are described more fully in Optitools Studio PC software.

# 8.4.1. Parameter Group 6 – Advanced Configuration

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P6-01	Enable Firmware Upgrade	0	Disabled	0	This parameter should not b
		1	I/O and DSP Upgrade		adjusted by the user.
		2	I/O Upgrade		
		3	DSP Upgrade		
P6-02	Minimum Effective Switching Frequency	4 -	- 32kHz (Model Dependent)	4 kHz	
P6-03	Auto Reset Time Delay	1 -	- 60 Seconds	20s	
P6-04	Relay Output Hysteresis	0.0	) – 25.0%	0.3%	
P6-05	Function Block Program Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-06	Encoder PPR	0 -	65535	0	
P6-07	Speed Error Trip Threshold	0.0	) – 100.0%	5.0%	
P6-08	Maximum Speed Reference Frequency	0 -	- 20kHz	0 kHz	
P6-09	Speed Droop Control	0.0	) – 25.0%	0.0%	
P6-10	Function Block Program Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-11	Speed Hold Time on Enable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-12	Speed Hold / DC Injection Time on Disable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-13	Hoist Mode : Brake Release Time	0.0	) – 5.0s	0.2s	
P6-14	Hoist Mode : Brake Apply Time	0.0	) – 5.0s	0.3s	
P6-15	Hoist Mode : Pre-Torque Level	0.0	) – 200.0%	8.0%	
P6-16	Hoist Mode : Pre-Torque Timeout	0.0	) - 25.0s	5.0s	
P6-17	Torque Limit Trip Time	0.0	) - 25.0s	0.0s	
P6-18	DC Injection Current	0.0	) - 100.0%	0.0%	
P6-19	Brake Resistor Resistance		Model Dependent	'	
P6-20	Brake Resistor Power		Model Dependent		
P6-21	Brake Chopper Under Temperature Duty Cycle	0.0	) – 20.0%	2.0%	
P6-22	Reset Fan Run Time	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-23	Reset Energy Meters	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-24	Maintenance Time Interval	0 -	- 60000 Hours	0 Hours	
P6-25	Reset Maintenance Time	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-26	Analog Output 1 Scaling	0.0	) – 500.0%	100.0%	
P6-27	Analog Output 1 Offset	_	00.0 – 500.0%	0.0%	
P6-28	PO-80 Display Value	_	255	0	
P6-29	Save User Parameters	0	No Function	0	
		1	Save Parameters		
		2	Clear Parameters		
P6-30	Advanced Access Code	_	- 9999	201	

# 8.4.2. Parameter Group 7 - Motor Control

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P7-01	MeasuredMotor Stator Resistance	0.0	00 – 65.535	Drive	Motor date, measured or calculated curing
P7-02	Motor Rotor Resistance	0.0	00 – 65.535	Dependent	the autotune. P7-04 is not used for PM & BLDC Motors.
P7-03	Motor Stator Inductance	0.0	000 – 1.0000		P7-06 is used only for PM motors.
P7-04	Motor Magnetising Current	Driv	ve Dependent		
P7-05	Motor Leakage Coefficient (Sigma)	0.0	00 – 0.250		
P7-06	Motor Q Axis Inuctance (Lsq)	0.0	000 – 1.0000		
P7-07	Enhanced Generator Mode	0	Disable Enable	0	Improves motor control in applications with high regenerative power requirement.
P7-08	Motor Parameter Adaptation	0	Disabled Enable	0	Enables motor parameter adaptation, intended to compensate for changes in the motor temperature during operation.
P7-09	Over Voltage Current Limit	0.0	- 100.0%	5.0%	
P7-10	System Inertia Constant	0 -	600	10	
P7-11	Pulse Width Minimum Limit	0 -	500		
P7-12	Magnetising Period	0 -	5000ms	Drive Dependent	Sets the motor magnetising period in V/F Mode. Sets the motor alignment time in PM modes.
P7-13	Vector Mode Derivative	0.0	0 – 1.00	0.00	Derivative speed loop gain applied in Vector control modes.
P7-14	Low Frequency Torque Boost Current	0.0	- 100.0%	0.0%	For PM Motors, applies a torque boost current at low frequency, % x P1-08.
P7-15	Low Frequency Torque Boost Frequency Limit	0.0	- 50.0%	0.0%	For PM motors, determines the frequency, % x P1-09 when the boost current is removed.

# 8.4.3. Parameter Group 8 – Additional Ramps and Functions

Par.	Function	Setting Range	Default Notes
P8-01	Acceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-02	Speed Boundary Ramp 1 Ramp 2	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-03	Acceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-04	Speed Boundary Ramp 2 Ramp 3	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-05	Acceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-06	Speed Boundary Ramp 3 Ramp 4	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-07	Deceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-08	Speed Boundary Ramp 4 Ramp 3	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-09	Deceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-10	Speed Boundary Ramp 3 Ramp 2	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-11	Deceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-12	Speed Boundary Ramp 2 Ramp 1	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-13	Ramp Select Control	O Digital Inputs	0
		1 Speed Dependent	

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# 8.4.4. Parameter Group 9 – User Inputs and Output Programming

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P9-01	Enable Input Source	The	se parameters allow the use	er to directly se	elect the source of the various command points.
P9-02	Fast Stop Source				This allows complete flexibility over the drive ernal Function Block programming environment.
P9-03	Run Forward Source		illorionellons, and illieraelle	on will the title	and runction block programming environment.
P9-04	Run Reverse Source				
P9-05	Latch Enable	0	Disabled Enabled	0	
P9-06	Reverse Input Source	See	e above		
P9-07	Reset Source	7			
P9-08	External Trip Source				
P9-09	Terminal Control Override Source	1			
P9-10	Speed Setpoint 1	In c	combination with P9-18 - P	9-20, allow se	election of several speed reference sourcesfor
P9-11	Speed Setpoint 2	con	nmon applications.		
P9-12	Speed Setpoint 3	1			
P9-13	Speed Setpoint 4	1			
P9-14	Speed Setpoint 5	1			
P9-15	Speed setpoint 6	1			
P9-16	Speed Setpoint 7	1			
P9-17	Speed Setpoint 8	1			
P9-18	Reference Select Bit O	See	e above		
P9-19	Reference Select Bit 1	1			
P9-20	Reference Select Bit 2	1			
P9-21	Preset Speed Select Bit O	1			
P9-22	Preset Speed Select Bit 1	1			
P9-23	Preset Speed Select Bit 2	1			
P9-24	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit O	1			
P9-25	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit 1	1			
P9-26	Deceleration Ramp Bit O	1			
P9-27	Deceleration Ramp Bit 1	1			
P9-28	MOP Up Source	1			
P9-29	MOP Down Source	1			
P9-30	Speed Limit Switch Forward	1			
P9-31	Speed Limit Switch Reverse	1			
P9-33	Analog Output 1 Control	0	P2-11	0	These parameters allow the user to overdide
		1	Function Block Digital		the normal parameter control source for the
		2	Function Block Analog		associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming environment.
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Control	0	P2-13	0	I memar of chor block programming environment.
		1	Function Block Digital		
		2	Function Block Analoa 1		
P9-35	Relay 1 Control	0	Function Block Analog P2-15	0	
P9-35	Relay 1 Control	_	P2-15	0	
P9-35	<u>'</u>	0	Ŭ	0	
	Relay 1 Control  Relay 2 Control	0	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18		
	Relay 2 Control	0 1 0	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18 Function Block Digital		
P9-36	<u>'</u>	0 1 0 1	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18 Function Block Digital P2-21	0	
P9-36	Relay 2 Control  Display Scaling Control	0 1 0 1	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18 Function Block Digital P2-21 Function Block Digital	0	
P9-36	Relay 2 Control	0 1 0 1 0	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18 Function Block Digital P2-21 Function Block Digital P3-05	0	
P9-36 P9-37 P9-38	Relay 2 Control  Display Scaling Control  PID Setpoint Control	0 1 0 1 0 1 0	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18 Function Block Digital P2-21 Function Block Digital P3-05 Function Block Digital	0	
P9-36	Relay 2 Control  Display Scaling Control	0 1 0 1 0	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18 Function Block Digital P2-21 Function Block Digital P3-05 Function Block Digital P3-10	0 0	
P9-36 P9-37 P9-38	Relay 2 Control  Display Scaling Control  PID Setpoint Control  PID Feedback Control	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18 Function Block Digital P2-21 Function Block Digital P3-05 Function Block Digital P3-10 Function Block Digital	0 0	
P9-36 P9-37 P9-38 P9-39	Relay 2 Control  Display Scaling Control  PID Setpoint Control	0 1 0 1 0 1 0	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18 Function Block Digital P2-21 Function Block Digital P3-05 Function Block Digital P3-10 Function Block Digital P4-06	0 0 0	
P9-36 P9-37 P9-38 P9-39	Relay 2 Control  Display Scaling Control  PID Setpoint Control  PID Feedback Control	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	P2-15 Function Block Digital P2-18 Function Block Digital P2-21 Function Block Digital P3-05 Function Block Digital P3-10 Function Block Digital	0 0 0	

# 8.5. Parameter Group 0 - Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

Par.	Function	Units
PO-01	Analog Input 1 Scaled Signal Level	%
P0-02	Analog Input 2 Scaled Signal Level	%
P0-03	Digital Input Status – Bit representation (O or 1) where the left most digit indicates the status of Digital Input 1	N/A
P0-04	Pre-Ramp Speed Reference	Hz / RPM
PO-05	Torque Reference / Limit	%
P0-06	Digital (Keypad) Speed Reference	Hz / RPM
P0-07	Fieldbus Speed Reference	Hz / RPM
PO-08	PID Reference (Setpoint)	%
P0-09	PID Feedback	%
PO-10	PID Output	%
PO-11	Applied Motor Voltage	V
PO-12	Output Torque	%
PO-13	Trip Log – Last 4 Trips	N/A
PO-14	Motor Magnetising Current Id	А
PO-15	Motor Rotor Current Iq	А
P0-16	DC Voltage Ripple	V
PO-17	Motor Stator Resistance Rs	Ω
PO-18	Motor Stator Inductance Ls	Н
PO-19	Motor Rotor Resistance Rr	Ω
P0-20	DC Bus Voltage	V
PO-21	Drive Temperature	°C
P0-22	Remaining Service Time	Hours
PO-23	Operating Time Heatsink > 85 C	HH:MM:SS
PO-24	Operating Time High Ambient Temperature	HH:MM:SS
PO-25	Rotor Speed	Hz / RPM
P0-26	Energy consumption kWh	kWh
P0-27	Energy Consumption MWh	MWh
PO-28	Drive firmware version	N/A
P0-29	Drive Type	N/A
PO-30	Drive serial number	N/A
PO-31	Drive Lifetime	HH:MM:SS
PO-32	Run time since last trip 1	HH:MM:SS
PO-33	Run time since last trip	HH:MM:SS
PO-34	Last operating time	HH:MM:SS
PO-35	Cooling fan operating time	Hours
P0-36	DC Bus Voltage Log: 8 samples, 256ms	V
P0-37	DC Bus Ripple Log: 8 samples 20ms	V
P0-38	Heatsink Temperature Log: 8 samples, 30s	°C
P0-39	Ambient temperature log: 8 samples, 30s	°C
P0-40	Motor Current Log: 8 samples 256ms	A
P0-41	Over current trip count	N/A
P0-42	Over voltage trip count	N/A
P0-43	Under voltage trip count	N/A
P0-44	Over temperature trip count	N/A
PO-45	Brake resistor over current trip count	N/A

Par.	Function	Units
P0-46	Ambient over temperature trip count	N/A
P0-47	I/O processor error count	N/A
PO-48	DSP error count	N/A
P0-49	Modbus RTU error count	N/A
PO-50	CAN error count	N/A
PO-51	PDI cyclic data	N/A
P0-52	PDO cyclic data	N/A
P0-53	U phase offset and reference	N/A
P0-54	V phase offset and reference	N/A
P0-55	Reserved	N/A
P0-56	Brake transistor maximum on time and duty	N/A
P0-57	Ud / Uq	N/A
P0-58	Encoder speed value	Hz / RPM
P0-59	Frequency input reference	Hz / RPM
P0-60	Calculated slip	Hz / RPM
P0-61	Relay Hysteresis value	Hz / RPM
P0-62	Droop speed	Hz / RPM
P0-63	Post ramp speed reference	Hz / RPM
P0-64	Effective switching frequency	kHz
P0-65	Drive life time	HH:MM:SS
P0-66	Function block program ID	N/A
P0-67	Fieldbus torque reference	%
P0-68	User ramp value	S
P0-69	I2C error count	N/A
P0-70	Option module type	N/A
P0-71	Fieldbus interface type	N/A
P0-72	Ambient temperature	С
P0-73	24 hour timer	Minute
P0-74	L1 – L2 input voltage	V
P0-75	L2 – L3 input voltage	V
P0-76	L3 – L1 input voltage	V
P0-77	Test parameter	N/A
PO-78	Test parameter	N/A
P0-79	Motor control & DSP version	N/A
P0-80	User specified internal value (P6-28)	N/A

# 9. Serial Communications

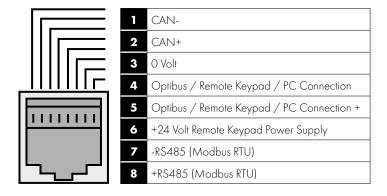
### 9.1. RJ45 Connector Pin Assignment

Optidrive P2 has an RJ45 connector on the front of the control panel. This connector allows the user to set up a drive network via a wired connection. The connector contains multiple interfaces for different communication protocols:

- Invertek's Optibus Protocol Used for PC and peripheral connection only
- Modbus RTU
- CANBus

The Optibus connection is always available, and can be used simultaneously with other interfaces, however only one other interface may be used, e.g. If Modbus RTU is in use, CAN is disabled. If a Fieldbus Option Module (E.g. Profibus) is inserted into the drive, both Modbus and CAN are disabled.

The electrical signal arrangement of the RJ45 connector is shown as follows:



#### 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications

#### 9.2.1. Modbus Telegram Structure

The Optidrive P2 supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the O3 Read Holding Registers and O6 Write Single Holding Register commands. Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register O; therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detail in section 0 by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address. The telegram structure is as follows:

Command	03	- Read	d Holding Registe	ers		
Master Telegram	Le	ength	Slave Response	Length		
Slave Address	1	Byte	Slave Address	1	Byte	
Function Code (03)	1	Byte	Function Code (03)	1	Byte	
1 st Register Address	2	Bytes	Byte Count	1	Byte	
No. Of Registers	2	Bytes	1 st Register Value	2	Bytes	
CRC Checksum	2	Bytes	2nd Register Value	2	Bytes	
		Etc				
			CRC Checksum	2	Bytes	

Command 06	Command 06 – Write Single Holding Register													
Master Telegram	Le	Length Slave Response				Length								
Slave Address	1	Byte		Slave Address	1	Byte								
Function Code (06)	1	Byte		Function Code (06)	1	Byte								
Register Address	2	Bytes		Register Address	2	Bytes								
Value	2	Bytes		Register Value	2	Bytes								
CRC Checksum	2	Bytes		CRC Checksum	2	Bytes								

#### 9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers

The following is a list of accessible Modbus Registers available in the Optidrive P2.

- When Modbus RTU is configured as the Fieldbus option, all of the listed registers can be accessed.
- Registers 1 and 2 can be used to control the drive providing that Modbus RTU is selected as the primary command source (P1-12 = 4) and no Fieldbus Option Module is installed in the drive Option Slot.
- Register 3 can be used to control the output torque level providing that:
  - o The drive is operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 = 1 or 2).
  - o The torque controller reference / limit is set for 'Fieldbus' (P4-06 = 3).
- Register 4 can be used to control the acceleration and deceleration rate of the drive providing that Fieldbus Ramp Control is enabled (P5-07 = 1).
- Registers 6 to 24 can be read regardless of the setting of P1-12.

Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes
Nomber 1	Command Con	itrol Word	R/W	Command control word used to control the Optidrive when operating with Modbus RTU. The Control Word bit functions are as follows:  Bit 0: Run/Stop command. Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive.  Bit 1: Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp.  Bit 2: Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset any active faults or trips on the drive.  This bit must be reset to zero once the fault has been cleared.  Bit 3: Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.
2	Command Spe	ed Reference	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in Hz to one decimal place, e.g. 500 = 50.0Hz.
3	Command Torq	ue Reference	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in % to one decimal place, e.g. 2000 = 200.0%.
4	Command Ram	p times	R/W	This register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp times used when Fieldbus Ramp Control is selected (P5-08 = 1) irrespective of the setting of P1-12. The input data range is from 0 to 60000 (0.00s to 600.00s).
6	Error code	Drive status	R	This register contains 2 bytes. The Lower Byte contains an 8 bit drive status word as follows: Bit 0:0 = Drive Disabled (Stopped), 1 = Drive Enabled (Running) Bit 1:0 = Drive Healthy, 1 = Drive Tripped Bit 2: No Function Bit 3: Drive Ready, 1 = Drive Inhibit Bit 4: Maintenance Time Not Reached, 1 = Maintenance Time Reached Bit 5:0 = Not In Standby (Sleep), 1 = Standby (Sleep) mode active Bit 6: No function Bit 7:0 = Normal condition, 1 = Low or High Load condition detected The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip. Refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages for a list of fault codes and diagnostic information. Bit 8: No Function The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip. Refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages for a list of fault codes and diagnostic information.
7	Output Frequen	су	R	Output frequency of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.123 = 12.3 Hz.
8	Output Current		R	Output current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.105 = 10.5 Amps.
9	Output Torque		R	Motor output torque level to one decimal place, e.g. 474 = 47.4 %.
10	Output Power		R	Output power of the drive to two decimal places, e.g.1100 = 11.00 kW.
11	Digital Input Sta	itus	R	Represents the status of the drive inputs where Bit O = Digital Input 1 etc.
20	Analog 1 Level		R	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
21	Analog 2 Level		R	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
22	Pre Ramp Spee	d Reference	R	Internal drive frequency setpoint.
23	DC bus voltage	es e	R	Measured DC Bus Voltage in Volts.
24	Drive temperatu	ıre	R	Measured Heatsink Temperature in °C.

#### 9.2.3. Modbus Parameter Access

All User Adjustable parameters (Groups 1 to 5) are accessible by Modbus, except those that would directly affect the Modbus communications, e.g.

- P5-01 Drive Fieldbus Address
- P5-03 Modbus RTU Baud Rate
- P5-04 Modbus RTU Data Format.

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters cannot be changed whilst the drive is enabled for example.

When accessing a drive parameter via Modbus, the Register number for the parameter is the same as the parameter number. Some parameters are internally scaled, for further information refer to the Optidrive P2 Modbus Register Map Application Note, or Advanced User Guide.

E.g. Parameter P1-03 = Modbus Holding Register 103.

Since Modbus RTU supports sixteen bit integer values only, and the parameter is adjustable to one decimal place, the register value will be multiplied by a factor of ten,

E.g. Read Value of P1-03 = 50, therefore this is 5.0 seconds.

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### 9.3. CAN Open Communication

#### 9.3.1. Overview

The CANopen communication profile in the P2 drive is implemented according to the specification DS301 version 4.02 of CAN in automation (www.can-cia.de). Specific device profiles such as DS402 are not supported.

#### 9.3.2. Basic Operation Setup

The CANopen communication function is enabled by default after power up however in order to use any control functions through CANopen, Parameter P1-12 must be set to 6.

The CAN communication baud rate can is selected by parameter P5-02. Available baud rates are 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps, 1 Mbps. Default settings is 500kbps.

The Node ID is set up through drive address parameter P5-01 with a default value of 1.

#### 9.3.3. COB ID and Functions

Optidrive P2 provides the following default COB-ID and functions:

	Table 1 : Me	essages and COB-IDs
Туре	COB-ID	Function
NMT	000h	Network management
Sync	080h	Synchronous message COB-ID can be configured to other value.
Emergency	080h + Node address	Emergency message COB-ID can be configured to other value.
PDO1 (TX)	180h + Node address	Process data object.
PDO1 (RX)	200h + Node address	PDO1 is pre-mapped and enabled by default.
PDO2 (TX)	280h + Node address	PDO2 is pre-mapped and disabled by default.  Transmission mode, COB-ID and mapping can be configured.
PDO2 (RX)	300h + Node address	Transmission mode, GGB 15 and mapping can be comigured.
SDO (TX)	580h + Node address	SDO channel can be used for drive parameter access.
SDO (RX)	600h + Node address	
Error Control	700h + Node address	Guarding and Heartbeat function are supported. COB-ID can be configured to other value.

- 1. The Optidrive P2 SDO channel only supports expedited transmission.
- 2. The Optidrive P2 can only support up to 2 Process Data Objects (PDO). All PDOs are pre-mapped, however PDO2 is disabled by default. Table 2 gives the default PDO mapping information.
- 3. Customer configuration (mapping) will **NOT** be saved during power down. This means that the CANopen configuration will restore to its default condition each time the drive is powered up.

### 9.3.4. Default PDO Mapping

		Tab	le 1 : Messages a	nd COB-IDs				
Туре	Objects No.	Mapped Object	Length	Mapped Function	Transmission			
	1	2000h	Unsigned 16	Control command register				
RX PDO 1	2	2001 h	Integer 16	Speed reference	254			
PDO I	3	2002h	Integer 16	Torque reference	Valid immediately			
	4	2003h	Unsigned 16	User ramp reference				
	1	200Ah	Unsigned 16	Drive status register				
TX	2	200Bh	Integer 16	Motor speed Hz	254			
PDO1	3	200Dh	Unsigned 16	Motor current	Send after receiving RX PDO 1			
	4	200Eh	Integer 16	Motor torque				
	1	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy				
SDO (RX)	2	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	254			
Error Control	3	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	234			
	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy				
	1	200Fh	Unsigned 16	Motor power				
TX	2	2010h	Integer 16	Drive temperature	254			
PDO2	3	2011h	Unsigned 16	DC bus value	234			
	4	200Ch	Integer 16	Motor speed (Internal data format)				

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Drive control can only be achieved when P1-12=6

# 9.3.5. Supported PDO Transmission Types

Various transmission modes can be selected for each PDO.

For RX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 3: RX PDO Transmission Mode												
Transmission Type	Mode	Description											
0 – 240	Synchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register when the next sync message is received.											
254, 255	Asynchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register immediately without delay.											

For TX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 3: RX PDO Transmission Mode													
Transmission Type	Mode	Description												
0	Acyclic synchronous	TX PDO will only be sent out if the PDO data has changed and PDO will be transmitted on reception of SYNC object												
1 - 240	Cyclic synchronous	TX PDO will be transmitted synchronously and cyclically. The transmission type indicates the number of SYNC object that are necessary to trigger TX PDO.												
254	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred once corresponding RX PDO has been received.												
255	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred anytime if PDO data value has changed.												

# 9.3.6. CAN Open Specific Object Table

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
1000h	0	Device type	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0
1001h	0	Error register	RO	Unsigned 8	N	0
1002h	0	Manufacturer status register	RO	Unsigned 16	N	0
1005h	0	COB-ID Sync	RW	Unsigned 32	N	00000080h
1008h	0	Manufacturer device name	RO	String	N	ODP2
1009h	0	Manufacturer hardware version	RO	String	N	x.xx
100Ah	0	Manufacturer software version	RO	String	N	x.xx
100Ch	0	Guard time [1 ms]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0
100Dh	0	Life time factor	RW	Unsigned 8	N	0
1014h	0	COB-ID EMCY	RW	Unsigned 32	N	00000080h+Node ID
1015h	0	Inhibit time emergency [100us]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0
1017h	0	Producer heart beat time [1 ms]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0
	0	Identity object No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	Vendor ID	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0x0000031A
1018h	2	Product code	RO	Unsigned 32	N	Drive depended
	3	Revision number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	x.xx
	4	Serial number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	e.g. 1234/56/789
	0	SDO parameter No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1200h	1	COB-ID client -> server (RX)	RO	Unsigned 32	N	00000600h+Node ID
	2	COB-ID server -> client (TX)	RO	Unsigned 32	N	00000580h+Node ID
	0	RX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1400h	1	RX PDO1 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	40000200h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO 1 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	254
	0	RX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1401 h	1	RX PDO2 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	C0000300h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO2 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	0
	0	RX PDO 1 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	RX PDO 1 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20000010h
1600h	2	RX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20010010h
	3	RX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20020010h
	4	RX PDO 1 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20030010h
	0	RX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	RX PDO2 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
1601h	2	RX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	3	RX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	4	RX PDO2 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	0	TX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	3
1800h	1	TX PDO1 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	40000180h+Node ID
	2	TX PDO1 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	254
	3	TX PDO1 Inhibit time [100us]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
	0	TX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	3
1801h	1	TX PDO2 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	C0000280h+Node ID
100111	2	TX PDO2 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	0
	3	TX PDO2 Inhibit time [100us]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
	0	TX PDO 1 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	TX PDO 1 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200A0010h
1A00h	2	TX PDO 1 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200B0010h
	3 TX PDO1 3rd mapped object		RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200D0010h
	4	TX PDO 1 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200E0010h
	0	TX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	TX PDO2 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200F0010h
1A01h	2	TX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20100010h
	3	TX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20110010h
	4	TX PDO2 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200C0010h

# 9.3.7. Manufacturer Specific Object Table

The following table shows some of the manufacturer specific object dictionary for Optidrive P2. For a complete list, refer to the Optidrive P2 CAN Open Application Note.

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Remark
2000h	0	Control command register	RW	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
2001h	0	Speed reference	RW	Integer 16	Y	500 = 50.0Hz
2002h	0	Torque reference	RW	Integer 16	Υ	1000 = 100.0%
2003h	0	User ramp reference	RW	Unsigned 16	Υ	500 = 5.00s
200Ah	0	Drive status register	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
200Bh	0	Motor speed Hz	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	500 = 50.0Hz
200Dh	0	Motor current	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	123 = 12.3A
200Eh	0	Motor torque	RO	Integer 16	Υ	4096 = 100.0%
200Fh	0	Motor power	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	1234 = 12.34kW
2010h	0	Drive temperature	RO	Integer 16	Υ	30 = 30°C
2011h	0	DC bus value	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2012h	0	Digital input status	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2013h	0	Analog input 1 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2014h	0	Analog input 2 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2015h	0	Analog output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2016h	0	Analog output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2017h	0	relay output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2018h	0	relay output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2019h	0	relay output 3 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
201Ah	0	relay output 4 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
201Bh	0	relay output 5 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Ah	0	Kilowatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Bh	0	Megawatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Ch	0	KWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Dh	0	MWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Eh	0	Total run hours	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Fh	0	Total run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2040h	0	Current run hours (Since last enable)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2041h	0	Current run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2042h	0	Time to next service	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2043h	0	Room Temperature	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2044h	0	Speed controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2045h	0	Torque controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2046h	0	Digital pot speed reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	

# **Object 2000h: Control Command Register**

Status / Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0													Normal Operation			Stop
1													Coast Stop	Reset	Fast Stop	Run

# Object 200Ah : Drive Status Register

Status / Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		D: T: C								10					Drive Healthy	Drive Disabled
1		Drive Trip Code							Fund	ction	In Standby	Maintenance Time reached	Inhibit	No Function	Drive Tripped	Drive Enabled

# 10. Technical Data

#### 10.1. Environmental

Ambient	Storage and Transportation	All Units	-40 60°C / -40 140°F	
Temperature	Operating	IP20 Units	-10 50°C / 14 122°F	
		IP55 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 72)
		IP66 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 72)
Altitude	Operating	All Units	=<1000m	With UL approval
			=<4000m	With derating (refer to section 10.4.2. Derating for Altitude on page 72)
Relative Humidity	Operating	All Units	< 95%	Non-condensing, frost and moisture free

### 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings

The following tables provide the output current rating information for the various Optidrive P2 models. Invertek Drives always recommend that selection of the correct Optidrive is based upon the motor full load current at the incoming supply voltage.

### 10.2.1. 200 - 240 Volt (+/- 10%),1 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size		wer ing	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Мах	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Maxi Motor Len		Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	8.5	10	15	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	1.5	15.2	25	20	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	1.5	19.5	25	25	8	8	10.5	100	330	35

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.4.1.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses.

10.2.2. 200 - 240 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size		wer ing	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	mum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	5.1	10	10	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	2	8.3	10	15	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	12.6	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	100	330	35
3	4	5	21.6	25	30	8	8	18	100	330	20
3	5.5	7.5	29.1	40	40	8	8	24	100	330	20
4	7.5	10	36.4	50	50	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	11	15	55.8	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	15	20	70.2	80	90	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	18.5	25	82.9	100	110	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	22	30	103.6	125	150	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	30	40	126.7	160	175	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	37	50	172.7	200	225	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	45	50	183.3	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
7	55	50	205.7	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	<i>7</i> 5	50	255.5	315	350	150	300MCM	248	100	330	6

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.4.1.
- Operation with single phase supply is possible, with 50% derating of the output current capacity.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses.

10.2.3. 380 - 480 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size		wer ing	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Maximum Cable Size		Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	2.4	10	6	8	8	2.2	100	330	400
2	1.5	2	5.1	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	2.2	3	7.5	10	10	8	8	5.8	100	330	150
2	4	5	11.2	16	15	8	8	9.5	100	330	100
3	5.5	7.5	19	25	25	8	8	14	100	330	75
3	7.5	10	21	25	30	8	8	18	100	330	50
3	11	15	28.9	40	40	8	8	24	100	330	40
4	15	20	37.2	50	50	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	18.5	25	47	63	60	16	5	39	100	330	22
4	22	30	52.4	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	30	40	63.8	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	37	50	76.4	100	100	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	45	60	92.2	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	55	<i>7</i> 5	112.5	125	150	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	75	100	153.2	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	90	150	183.7	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
7	110	175	205.9	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	132	200	244.5	315	350	150	300MCM	240	100	330	6
7	160	250	307.8	400	400	150	300MCM	302	100	330	6
8	200	300	370	500	500	240	450MCM	370	100	330	2
8	250	350	450	500	600	240	450MCM	450	100	330	2

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature.
- Operation with single phase supply is possible, with 50% derating of the output current capacity.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J
- Data values shown in Italics are provisional.

10.2.4. 500 - 600 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size		wer ring	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable igth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	2.5	10	6	8	8	2.1	100	330	600
2	1.5	2	3.7	10	6	8	8	3.1	100	330	300
2	2.2	3	4.9	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	4	5	7.8	10	10	8	8	6.5	100	330	150
2	5.5	<i>7</i> .5	10.8	16	15	8	8	9	100	330	100
3	7.5	10	14.4	16	20	8	8	12	100	330	80
3	11	15	20.6	25	30	8	8	17	100	330	50
3	15	20	26.7	32	35	8	8	22	100	330	33
4	18.5	25	34	40	45	16	5	28	100	330	33
4	22	30	41.2	50	60	16	5	34	100	330	22
4	30	40	49.5	63	70	16	5	43	100	330	16
5	37	50	62.2	80	80	35	2	54	100	330	16
5	45	60	75.8	100	100	35	2	65	100	330	12
6	55	<i>7</i> 5	90.9	125	125	150	300MCM	<i>7</i> 8	100	330	12
6	<i>7</i> 5	100	108.2	125	150	150	300MCM	105	100	330	8
6	90	125	127.7	160	175	150	300MCM	130	100	330	8
6	110	175	160	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	8

# 10.3. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations

Optidrive P2 is designed to meet the UL requirements. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230	O Volt rated units, + /- 10% vari	ation allowed. 240 Volt RMS I	Maximum.			
,	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed, Maximum 500 Volts RMS.						
	500 – 600 Volts for 600 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed, Maximum 600 Volts RMS.						
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.						
	All Optidrive P2 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Invertek Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors. Alternatively, the drives can be operated as a single phase supply drive with 50% derating.						
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation	n					
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current			
	All	All	All	100kA rms (AC)			
	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage.						
Incoming power supply o	connection must be according to s	section 4.3					
All Optidrive P2 units ar	e intended for indoor installation	n within controlled environment	s which meet the condition limit	ts shown in section 10.1.			
Branch circuit protection	n must be installed according to	the relevant national codes. Fu	se ratings and types are show	n in section 10.2.			
Suitable Power and mo	tor cables should be selected a	ccording to the data shown in s	section 10.2.				
Power cable connection	ns and tightening torques are sho	own in section 3.4.					
0		l old Nio IEI					

Optidrive P2 provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P4-12 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.7.

### 10.4. Derating Information

Derating of the drive maximum continuous output current capacity is require when:

- Operating at ambient temperature in excess of 40°C / 104°F for enclosed drives (non UL approved).
- Operating at Altitude in excess of 1000m/3281 ft.
- Operation with Effective Switching Frequency higher than the minimum setting.

The following derating factors should be applied when operating drives outside of these conditions.

#### 10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating (UL Approved)	Derate by	Maximum Permissible Operating Ambient Temperature with Derating (Non UL Approved)
IP20	50°C / 122°F	N/A	50°C
IP55	40°C / 104°F	1.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C
IP66	40°C / 104°F	2.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C

#### 10.4.2. Derating for Altitude

Enclosure Type	Maximum Altitude Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permssable (UL Approved)	Maximum Permssable (Non-UL Approved)
IP20	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP55	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP66	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft

### 10.4.3. Derating for Switthing Frequency

Enclosure		Switching Frequency (Where available)									
Туре	4kHz	8kHz	12kHz	16kHz	24kHz	32kHz					
IP20	N/A	N/A	20%	30%	40%	50%					
IP55	N/A	10%	10%	15%	25%	N/A					
IP66	N/A	10%	25%	35%	50%	50%					

#### 10.4.4. Example of applying Derating Factors

A 4kW, IP66 drive is to be used at an altitude of 2000 metres above sea level, with 12kHz switching frequency and 45°C ambient temperature.

From the table above, we can see that the rated current of the drive is 9.5 Amps at 40°C,

Firstly, apply the switching frequency derating, 12kHz, 25% derating

 $9.5 \text{ Amps} \times 75\% = 7.1 \text{ Amps}$ 

Now, apply the derating for higher ambient temperature, 2.5% per °C above 40 °C =  $5 \times 2.5\%$  = 12.5% 7.1 Amps  $\times$  87.5% = 6.2 Amps

Now apply the derating for altitude above 1000 metres, 1% per 100m above  $1000m = 10 \times 1\% = 10\%$  7.9 Amps x 90% = 5.5 Amps continuous current available.

If the required motor current exceeds this level, it will be necessary to either:

- Reduce the switching frequency selected.
- Use a higher power rated drive and repeat the calculation to ensure sufficient output current is available.

#### 10.5. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors - Disconnection Procedure

#### 10.5.1. IP20 Drive Models

All Optidrive P2 models provide a simple method to disconnect the internal EMC filter and surge protection varistors by fully removing the screws shown below. This should only be carried out where necessary, for example in cases such as IT or ungrounded supplies, where the phase to ground voltage can exceed the phase to phase voltage.

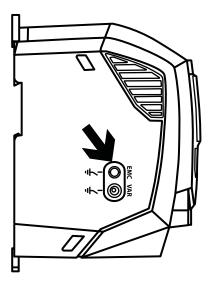
The EMC filter disconnect screw is labelled "EMC".

The surge protection varistors disconnect screw is clearly labelled "VAR".

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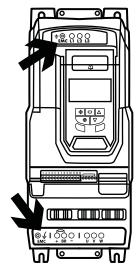
#### Frame Sizes 2 & 3

The EMC Filter and Varistor disconnect screws are located on the left side of the product when viewed from the front. Remove both screws completely



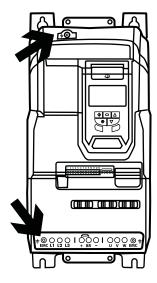
#### Frame Sizes 4

Frame Size 4 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



### Frame Size 5

Frame Size 5 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



### 10.5.2. IP55 & IP66 Models

These models require disassembly in order to disconnect the EMC filter. Disconnection should be carried out only by Invertek Drives Approved Service Partners.

# 11. Troubleshooting

# 11.1. Fault Messages

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message	Corrective Action
no-FLE	00	<b>Description</b> No Fault	Displayed in PO-13 if no faults are recorded in the log.
OI -6	01	Brake channel over current	Ensure the connected brake resistor is above the minimum permissible level for the drive – refer to the ratings shown in section 10.2.  Check the brake resistor and wiring for possible short circuits.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive software has determined that the brake resistor is overloaded, and trips to protect the resistor. Always ensure the brake resistor is being operated within its designed parameter before making any parameter or system changes.  To reduce the load on the resistor, increase deceleration the time, reduce the load inertia or add further brake resistors in parallel, observing the minimum resistance value for the drive in use.
0-1	03	Over current trip	Fault Occurs on Drive Enable Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase and phase – earth short circuits. Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled condition. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered, P1-07, P1-08, P1-09. If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor. Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11. Increase the ramp up time in P1-03. If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is correctly connected and controlled, and is releasing correctly. Fault Occurs When Running If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), reduce the speed loop gain in P4-03.
I.E-ErP	04	Drive has tripped on overload after delivering > 100% of value in P1-08 for a period of time.	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase acceleration rate or reduce the load.  Check motor cable length is within the limit specified for the relevant drive in section 10.2.  Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09.  If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor.  Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist.
PS-ErP	05	Hardware Over Current	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short circuits.  Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no motor connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in PO-20.  A historical log is stored at 256ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-36.  This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the load back to the drive. When a high inertia or over hauling type load is connected.  If the fault occurs on stopping or during deceleration, increase the deceleration ramp time P1-04 or connect a suitable brake resistor to the drive.  If operating in Vector Mode, reduce the speed loop gain P4-03.  If operating in PID control, ensure that ramps are active by reducing P3-11.
U-uort	07	Under voltage on DC bus	This occurs routinely when power is switched off.  If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the drive, fuses, contactors etc.
0-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The heatsink temperature can be displayed in PO-21.  A historical log is stored at 30 second intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-38.  Check the drive ambient temperature.  Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating.  Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5 to 3.9 has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted.  Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24.  Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
U- E	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than - 10°C. The temperature must be raised over - 10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press STOP key, the drive is now ready to be configured for the required application.
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of P1-13 require a normally closed contact to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.

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Fault	No.	OLED Message	Corrective Action
Code		Description	
50-065	12	Communications Fault	Communications lost with PC or remote keypad. Check the cables and connections to external devices.
FLE-dc	13	Excessive DC ripple	The DC Bus Ripple Voltage level can be displayed in parameter PO-16.  A historical log is stored at 20ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-37.  Check all three supply phases are present and within the 3% supply voltage level imbalance tolerance.  Reduce the motor load.  If the fault persists, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner.
P-Lo55	14	Input phase loss	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.
h 0-1	15	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Refer to fault 3 above.
Eh-F∟E	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
dALA-F	17	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
4-20F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	The reference signal on Analog Input 1 or 2 (Terminals 6 or 10) has dropped below the minimum threshold of 3mA. Check the signal source and wiring to the Optidrive terminals.
dALA-E	19	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
U-dEF	20	User Parameter Default	User Parameter defaults have been loaded. Press the Stop key.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC Over Temperature	The connected motor PTC device has caused the drive to trip.
FRn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault	Check and if necessary, replace the drive internal cooling fan.
O-hEAL	23	Ambient Temperature High	The measured temperature around the drive is above the operating limit of the drive.  Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating.  Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5 to 3.9 has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted.  Increase the cooling airflow to the drive.  Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24.  Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
O-tor9	24	Maximum Torque Limit Exceeded	The output torque limit has exceeded the drive capacity or trip threshold.  Reduce the motor load, or increase the acceleration time.
U-tor9	25	Output Torque Too Low	Active only when hoist brake control is enabled P2-18 = 8. The torque developed prior to releasing the motor holding brake is below the preset threshold. Contact your local Invertek Sales Partner for further information on using the Optidrive P2 in hoist applications.
OUL-F	26	Drive output fault	Drive output fault.
Sto-F	29	Internal STO circuit Error	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
Enc-01	30	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder communication /data loss.
SP-Err	31	Speed Error	Speed Error. The error between the measured encoder feedback speed or the estimated rotor speed is greater than the pre-set limit allowed.
Enc-03	32	Encoder Feedback Fault	Incorrect Encoder PPR count set in parameters.
Enc-04	33	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel A Fault.
Enc-05	34	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel B Fault.
Enc-06	35	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channels A & B Fault.
ALF-01	40	Autotune Failed	Measured motor stator resistance varies between phases. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check the windings for correct resistance and balance.
AFE-05	41		Measured motor stator resistance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
ALF-03	42		Measured motor inductance is too low. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults.
ALF-O4	43		Measured motor inductance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
ALF-05	44		Measured motor parameters are not convergent. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
Ph-5E9	45	Incorrect Supply Phase Sequence	Applies to Frame Size 8 drives only, indicates that the incoming power supply phase sequence is incorrect. Any 2 phases may be swapped.

Fault	No.	OLED Message	Corrective Action
Code		Description	
OUL-Ph	49	Output Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive.
5c-F01	50	Modbus Comms fault	A valid Modbus telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-06. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables.  Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.
5c-F02	51	CAN Open comms trip	A valid CAN open telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-06. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables.  Increase the value of P5-06 to a suitable level.
5c-F03	52	Communications Option Module Fault	Internal communication to the inserted Communication Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.
5c-F04	53	10 card comms trip	Internal communication to the inserted Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.



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